LEA ASSURANCES

Section I. General Grant Assurances for Federal Funds

Throughout the period of the grant award, the LEA will comply with all requirements of:

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) as Amended by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act Amendments of 2004 (PL 108-446) and its implementing regulations;

The Kansas Special Education for Exceptional Children Act and the Kansas State Board of Education’s administrative regulations on special education;

The LEA will make a good faith effort, on a continuing basis, to maintain a drug-free workplace, in accordance with the measures in 34 CFR Part 84, Subpart B and the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988;

The Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) 34 CFR 76 requirements that are not inconsistent with IDEA, including:

34 CFR §76.500(a) Federal statutes and regulations on nondiscrimination.
   (a) A State and a subgrantee shall comply with the following statutes and regulations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Statute</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Discrimination on the basis of</td>
<td>Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (45 U.S.C. 2000d through</td>
<td>34 CFR part</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>race, color, or national origin</td>
<td>2000d-4)</td>
<td>100.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discrimination on the basis of</td>
<td>Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 U.S.C. 1681-1683)</td>
<td>34 CFR part</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sex</td>
<td></td>
<td>106.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discrimination on the basis of</td>
<td>Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794)</td>
<td>34 CFR part</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>handicap</td>
<td></td>
<td>104.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discrimination on the basis of</td>
<td>The Age Discrimination Act (42 U.S.C. 6101 et seq.)</td>
<td>34 CFR part</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>age</td>
<td></td>
<td>110.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(b) A State or subgrantee that is a covered entity as defined in §108.3 of this title shall comply with the nondiscrimination requirements of the Boy Scouts of America Equal Access Act, 20 U.S.C. 7905, 34 CFR part 108.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 3474, and 6511(a))


34 CFR §76.650 Private schools; purpose of §§76.651-76.662.

(a) Under some programs, the authorizing statute requires that a State and its subgrantees provide for participation by students enrolled in private schools. Sections 76.651-76.662 apply to those programs and provide rules for that participation. These sections do not affect the authority of the State or a subgrantee to enter into a contract with a private party.

(b) If any other rules for participation of students enrolled in private schools apply under a particular program, they are in the authorizing statute or implementing regulations for that program.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3 and 3474)

Note: Some program statutes authorize the Secretary—under certain circumstances—to provide benefits directly to private school students. These “bypass” provisions—where they apply—are implemented in the individual program regulations.

34 CFR §76.700 Compliance with statutes, regulations, State plan, and applications.

A State and a subgrantee shall comply with the State plan and applicable statutes, regulations, and approved applications, and shall use Federal funds in accordance with those statutes, regulations, plan, and applications.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 3474, and 6511(a))

34 CFR §76.701 The State or subgrantee administers or supervises each project.

A State or a subgrantee shall directly administer or supervise the administration of each project.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 3474, and 6511(a))

34 CFR §76.702 Fiscal control and fund accounting procedures.

A State and a subgrantee shall use fiscal control and fund accounting procedures that insure proper disbursement of and accounting for Federal funds.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 3474, and 6511(a))

34 CFR §76.709 Funds may be obligated during a “carryover period.”

(a) If a State or a subgrantee does not obligate all of its grant or subgrant funds by the end of the fiscal year for which Congress appropriated the funds, it may obligate the remaining funds during a carryover period of one additional fiscal year.

(b) The State shall return to the Federal Government any carryover funds not obligated by the end of the carryover period by the State and its subgrantees.

Note: This section is based on a provision in the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA). Section 427 of the Department of Education Organization Act (DEOA), 20 U.S.C. 3487, provides that except to the extent inconsistent with the DEOA, the GEPA “shall apply to functions transferred by this Act to the extent applicable on the day preceding the effective date of this Act.” Although standardized nomenclature is used in this section to reflect the creation of the Department of Education, there is no intent to extend the coverage of the GEPA beyond that authorized under section 427 or other applicable law.

(Authority: U.S.C. 1221e-3, 1225(b), and 3474)

34 CFR § 76.722  Subgrantee reporting requirements.  
A State may require a subgrantee to submit reports in a manner and format that assists the State in complying with the requirements under 34 CFR 76.720 and in carrying out other responsibilities under the program.  
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 1231a, and 3474)  
[72 FR 3703, Jan. 25, 2007]

34 CFR § 76.730  Records related to grant funds.  
A State and a subgrantee shall keep records that fully show:  
(a) The amount of funds under the grant or subgrant;  
(b) How the State or subgrantee uses the funds;  
(c) The total cost of the project;  
(d) The share of that cost provided from other sources; and  
(e) Other records to facilitate an effective audit.  
(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1880-0513)  
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1232f)  

34 CFR § 76.731  Records related to compliance.  
A State and a subgrantee shall keep records to show its compliance with program requirements.  
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1221e-3, 3474, and 6511(a))

The Uniform Grant Guidance, 2 CFR § 200 all applicable subrecipient requirements, notably including but not limited to:

2 CFR Subpart D – Post Federal Award Requirements  
§200.302  Financial management.  
§200.303  Internal controls.  
§200.305  Payment.  
§200.313  Equipment.  
§200.314  Supplies.  
§200.318  General procurement standards.  
§200.320  Methods of procurement to be followed;

2 CFR 200 Subpart E: Cost Principles:  
§200.403  Factors affecting allowability of costs.  
§200.404  Reasonable costs.  
§200.405  Allocable costs.  
§200.413  Direct costs.  
§200.415  Required certifications.  
§200.430  Compensation—personal services.

The Debarment and Suspension, 34 CFR Part 85, Section 85.510, Participants’ Responsibilities and makes the following certification by signing this application:
The prospective lower-tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any federal department or agency.

Where the prospective lower-tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than $10,000 for such failure.

Section II. IDEA Part B Grant Assurances

An LEA is eligible for assistance under Part B of the Act for a fiscal year if the agency submits a plan that provides assurances to the SEA that the LEA meets each of the conditions in §§300.201 through 300.213.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a))

34 CFR §300.201 Consistency with State policies.

The LEA, in providing for the education of children with disabilities within its jurisdiction, must have in effect policies, procedures, and programs that are consistent with the State policies and procedures established under §§300.101 through 300.163, and §§300.165 through 300.174.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(1))

34 CFR §300.202 Use of amounts.

(a) General. Amounts provided to the LEA under Part B of the Act—
(1) Must be expended in accordance with the applicable provisions of this part;
(2) Must be used only to pay the excess costs of providing special education and related services to children with disabilities, consistent with paragraph (b) of this section; and
(3) Must be used to supplement State, local, and other Federal funds and not to supplant those funds.

(b) Excess cost requirement—(1) General. (i) The excess cost requirement prevents an LEA from using funds provided under Part B of the Act to pay for all of the costs directly attributable to the education of a child with a disability, subject to paragraph (b)(1)(ii) of this section.
   (ii) The excess cost requirement does not prevent an LEA from using Part B funds to pay for all of the costs directly attributable to the education of a child with a disability in any of the ages 3, 4, 5, 18, 19, 20, or 21, if no local or State funds are available for nondisabled children
of these ages. However, the LEA must comply with the nonsupplanting and other requirements of this part in providing the education and services for these children.

(2)(i) An LEA meets the excess cost requirement if it has spent at least a minimum average amount for the education of its children with disabilities before funds under Part B of the Act are used.

(ii) The amount described in paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section is determined in accordance with the definition of *excess costs* in §300.16. That amount may not include capital outlay or debt service.

(3) If two or more LEAs jointly establish eligibility in accordance with §300.223, the minimum average amount is the average of the combined minimum average amounts determined in accordance with the definition of excess costs in §300.16 in those agencies for elementary or secondary school students, as the case may be.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)

34 CFR §300.203 Maintenance of effort.

(a) Eligibility standard. (1) For purposes of establishing the LEA's eligibility for an award for a fiscal year, the SEA must determine that the LEA budgets, for the education of children with disabilities, at least the same amount, from at least one of the following sources, as the LEA spent for that purpose from the same source for the most recent fiscal year for which information is available:

(i) Local funds only;
(ii) The combination of State and local funds;
(iii) Local funds only on a per capita basis; or
(iv) The combination of State and local funds on a per capita basis.

(2) When determining the amount of funds that the LEA must budget to meet the requirement in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the LEA may take into consideration, to the extent the information is available, the exceptions and adjustment provided in §§300.204 and 300.205 that the LEA:

(i) Took in the intervening year or years between the most recent fiscal year for which information is available and the fiscal year for which the LEA is budgeting; and
(ii) Reasonably expects to take in the fiscal year for which the LEA is budgeting.

(3) Expenditures made from funds provided by the Federal government for which the SEA is required to account to the Federal government or for which the LEA is required to account to the Federal government directly or through the SEA may not be considered in determining whether an LEA meets the standard in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(b) Compliance standard. (1) Except as provided in §§300.204 and 300.205, funds provided to an LEA under Part B of the Act must not be used to reduce the level of expenditures for the education of children with disabilities made by the LEA from local funds below the level of those expenditures for the preceding fiscal year.

(2) An LEA meets this standard if it does not reduce the level of expenditures for the education of children with disabilities made by the LEA from at least one of the following sources below the level of those expenditures from the same source for the preceding fiscal year, except as provided in §§300.204 and 300.205:

(i) Local funds only;
(ii) The combination of State and local funds;
(iii) Local funds only on a per capita basis; or
(iv) The combination of State and local funds on a per capita basis.

(3) Expenditures made from funds provided by the Federal government for which the SEA is required to account to the Federal government or for which the LEA is required to account to the Federal government directly or through the SEA may not be considered in determining whether an LEA meets the standard in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.

(c) Subsequent years. (1) If, in the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2013 or July 1, 2014, an LEA fails to meet the requirements of §300.203 in effect at that time, the level of expenditures required of the LEA for the fiscal year subsequent to the year of the failure is the amount that would have been required in the absence of that failure, not the LEA's reduced level of expenditures.

(2) If, in any fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2015, an LEA fails to meet the requirement of paragraph (b)(2)(i) or (iii) of this section and the LEA is relying on local funds only, or local funds only on a per capita basis, to meet the requirements of paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, the level of expenditures required of the LEA for the fiscal year subsequent to the year of the failure is the amount that would have been required under paragraph (b)(2)(i) or (iii) in the absence of that failure, not the LEA's reduced level of expenditures.

(3) If, in any fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2015, an LEA fails to meet the requirement of paragraph (b)(2)(ii) or (iv) of this section and the LEA is relying on the combination of State and local funds, or the combination of State and local funds on a per capita basis, to meet the requirements of paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, the level of expenditures required of the LEA for the fiscal year subsequent to the year of the failure is the amount that would have been required under paragraph (b)(2)(ii) or (iv) in the absence of that failure, not the LEA's reduced level of expenditures.

(d) Consequence of failure to maintain effort. If an LEA fails to maintain its level of expenditures for the education of children with disabilities in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, the SEA is liable in a recovery action under section 452 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1234a) to return to the Department, using non-Federal funds, an amount equal to the amount by which the LEA failed to maintain its level of expenditures in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section in that fiscal year, or the amount of the LEA's Part B subgrant in that fiscal year, whichever is lower.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)


[80 FR 23666, Apr. 28, 2015]

Note: An LEA may apply the exceptions in §300.204 and the adjustment in §300.205 to meet both the eligibility and compliance standards. When determining the amount of funds that an LEA must budget to meet the eligibility standard, the LEA may take into consideration, to the extent the information is available, the exceptions and adjustment that the LEA: (i) took in the intervening year or years between the most recent fiscal year for which information is available and the fiscal year for which the LEA is budgeting; and (ii) reasonably expects to take in the fiscal year for which the LEA is budgeting.


34 CFR § 300.204 Exception to maintenance of effort.

Notwithstanding the restriction in §300.203(b), an LEA may reduce the level of expenditures by the LEA under Part B of the Act below the level of those expenditures for the preceding fiscal year if the reduction is attributable to any of the following:

(a) The voluntary departure, by retirement or otherwise, or departure for just cause, of special education or related services personnel.

(b) A decrease in the enrollment of children with disabilities.
(c) The termination of the obligation of the agency, consistent with this part, to provide a program of special education to a particular child with a disability that is an exceptionally costly program, as determined by the SEA, because the child—
   (1) Has left the jurisdiction of the agency;
   (2) Has reached the age at which the obligation of the agency to provide FAPE to the child has terminated; or
   (3) No longer needs the program of special education.
(d) The termination of costly expenditures for long-term purchases, such as the acquisition of equipment or the construction of school facilities.
(e) The assumption of cost by the high cost fund operated by the SEA under §300.704(c).

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(2)(B))

34 CFR § 300.205  Adjustment to local fiscal efforts in certain fiscal years.

(a) Amounts in excess. Notwithstanding §300.202(a)(2) and (b) and §300.203(b), and except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section and §300.230(e)(2), for any fiscal year for which the allocation received by an LEA under §300.705 exceeds the amount the LEA received for the previous fiscal year, the LEA may reduce the level of expenditures otherwise required by §300.203(b) by not more than 50 percent of the amount of that excess.
(b) Use of amounts to carry out activities under ESEA. If an LEA exercises the authority under paragraph (a) of this section, the LEA must use an amount of local funds equal to the reduction in expenditures under paragraph (a) of this section to carry out activities that could be supported with funds under the ESEA regardless of whether the LEA is using funds under the ESEA for those activities.
(c) State prohibition. Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this section, if an SEA determines that an LEA is unable to establish and maintain programs of FAPE that meet the requirements of section 613(a) of the Act and this part or the SEA has taken action against the LEA under section 616 of the Act and subpart F of these regulations, the SEA must prohibit the LEA from reducing the level of expenditures under paragraph (a) of this section for that fiscal year.
(d) Special rule. The amount of funds expended by an LEA for early intervening services under §300.226 shall count toward the maximum amount of expenditures that the LEA may reduce under paragraph (a) of this section.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(2)(B))

34 CFR § 300.206  Schoolwide programs under title I of the ESEA.

(a) General. Notwithstanding the provisions of §§300.202 and 300.203 or any other provision of Part B of the Act, an LEA may use funds received under Part B of the Act for any fiscal year to carry out a schoolwide program under section 1114 of the ESEA, except that the amount used in any schoolwide program may not exceed—
   (1)(i) The amount received by the LEA under Part B of the Act for that fiscal year; divided by
   (ii) The number of children with disabilities in the jurisdiction of the LEA; and multiplied by
(2) The number of children with disabilities participating in the schoolwide program.

(b) Funding conditions. The funds described in paragraph (a) of this section are subject to
the following conditions:

(1) The funds must be considered as Federal Part B funds for purposes of the calculations
required by §300.202(a)(2) and (a)(3).

(2) The funds may be used without regard to the requirements of §300.202(a)(1).

(c) Meeting other Part B requirements. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section,
all other requirements of Part B of the Act must be met by an LEA using Part B funds in
accordance with paragraph (a) of this section, including ensuring that children with disabilities
in schoolwide program schools—

(1) Receive services in accordance with a properly developed IEP; and

(2) Are afforded all of the rights and services guaranteed to children with disabilities under
the Act.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(2)(D))

34 CFR §300.207 Personnel development.

The LEA must ensure that all personnel necessary to carry out Part B of the Act are
appropriately and adequately prepared, subject to the requirements of §300.156 (related to
personnel qualifications) and section 2102(b) of the ESEA.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(3))


34 CFR §300.208 Permissive use of funds.

(a) Uses. Notwithstanding §§300.202, 300.203(b), and 300.162(b), funds provided to an
LEA under Part B of the Act may be used for the following activities:

(1) Services and aids that also benefit nondisabled children. For the costs of special
education and related services, and supplementary aids and services, provided in a regular class
or other education-related setting to a child with a disability in accordance with the IEP of the
child, even if one or more nondisabled children benefit from these services.

(2) Early intervening services. To develop and implement coordinated, early intervening
educational services in accordance with §300.226.

(3) High cost special education and related services. To establish and implement cost or
risk sharing funds, consortia, or cooperatives for the LEA itself, or for LEAs working in a
consortium of which the LEA is a part, to pay for high cost special education and related
services.

(b) Administrative case management. An LEA may use funds received under Part B of the
Act to purchase appropriate technology for recordkeeping, data collection, and related case
management activities of teachers and related services personnel providing services described
in the IEP of children with disabilities that is needed for the implementation of those case
management activities.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(4))

34 CFR § 300.209  Treatment of charter schools and their students.

(a) Rights of children with disabilities. Children with disabilities who attend public charter schools and their parents retain all rights under this part.

(b) Charter schools that are public schools of the LEA. (1) In carrying out Part B of the Act and these regulations with respect to charter schools that are public schools of the LEA, the LEA must—

(i) Serve children with disabilities attending those charter schools in the same manner as the LEA serves children with disabilities in its other schools, including providing supplementary and related services on site at the charter school to the same extent to which the LEA has a policy or practice of providing such services on the site to its other public schools; and

(ii) Provide funds under Part B of the Act to those charter schools—

(A) On the same basis as the LEA provides funds to the LEA's other public schools, including proportional distribution based on relative enrollment of children with disabilities; and

(B) At the same time as the LEA distributes other Federal funds to the LEA's other public schools, consistent with the State's charter school law.

(2) If the public charter school is a school of an LEA that receives funding under §300.705 and includes other public schools—

(i) The LEA is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of this part are met, unless State law assigns that responsibility to some other entity; and

(ii) The LEA must meet the requirements of paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

(c) Public charter schools that are LEAs. If the public charter school is an LEA, consistent with §300.28, that receives funding under §300.705, that charter school is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of this part are met, unless State law assigns that responsibility to some other entity.

(d) Public charter schools that are not an LEA or a school that is part of an LEA. (1) If the public charter school is not an LEA receiving funding under §300.705, or a school that is part of an LEA receiving funding under §300.705, the SEA is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of this part are met.

(2) Paragraph (d)(1) of this section does not preclude a State from assigning initial responsibility for ensuring the requirements of this part are met to another entity. However, the SEA must maintain the ultimate responsibility for ensuring compliance with this part, consistent with §300.149.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600) (Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(5))

34 CFR § 300.210  Purchase of instructional materials.

(a) General. Not later than December 3, 2006, an LEA that chooses to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center (NIMAC), when purchasing print instructional materials, must acquire those instructional materials in the same manner, and subject to the same conditions as an SEA under §300.172.

(b) Rights of LEA. (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require an LEA to coordinate with the NIMAC.

(2) If an LEA chooses not to coordinate with the NIMAC, the LEA must provide an assurance to the SEA that the LEA will provide instructional materials to blind persons or other persons with print disabilities in a timely manner.
(3) Nothing in this section relieves an LEA of its responsibility to ensure that children with disabilities who need instructional materials in accessible formats but are not included under the definition of blind or other persons with print disabilities in §300.172(e)(1)(i) or who need materials that cannot be produced from NIMAS files, receive those instructional materials in a timely manner.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(6)

Note: Kansas has defined ‘timely manner’ as; the responsible public agency has taken all reasonable steps to ensure that needed instructional materials, including instructional materials that cannot be produced from NIMAS files, are provided in accessible formats to blind or other children with print disabilities at the same time as nondisabled children receive instructional materials. The definition for timely manner applies to all children with disabilities that need instructional materials provided in an accessible format regardless of the eligibility requirements of NIMAS.

34 CFR §300.211   Information for SEA.

The LEA must provide the SEA with information necessary to enable the SEA to carry out its duties under Part B of the Act, including, with respect to §§300.157 and 300.160, information relating to the performance of children with disabilities participating in programs carried out under Part B of the Act.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(7))

34 CFR §300.212   Public information.

The LEA must make available to parents of children with disabilities and to the general public all documents relating to the eligibility of the agency under Part B of the Act.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(8))

34 CFR §300.213   Records regarding migratory children with disabilities.

The LEA must cooperate in the Secretary's efforts under section 1308 of the ESEA to ensure the linkage of records pertaining to migratory children with disabilities for the purpose of electronically exchanging, among the States, health and educational information regarding those children.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820-0600)
(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(9))

---

**Section III. National Instructional Materials Accessibility Center (NIMAC) Opt-in/ Opt-Out Assurance**
A Local Education Area (LEA) has a choice to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center (NIMAC) or to implement the standard without coordinating with the National Instructional Materials Access Center (NIMAC).  34 CFR §300.210

Please select the appropriate box to indicate the LEAs choice to opt-in or out of the NIMAC to implement the NIMAS Standard:

OPT-IN The LEA coordinates with the National Instructional Materials Access Center and, as part of any print instructional materials adoption process, procurement contract, or other practice or instrument used for purchase of print instructional materials, enters into a written contract with the publisher of the print instructional materials to:

(a) Require the publisher to prepare and, on or before delivery of the print instructional materials, provide to the National Instructional Materials Center (NIMAC), electronic files containing the contents of the print instructional materials using the NIMAS standard

Or

(b) Purchase instructional materials from the publisher that are produced in, or may be rendered in, specialized formats.

OPT-OUT The LEA has chosen not to coordinate with the National Instructional Materials Access Center but assures that it will provide instructional materials to blind persons or other persons with print disabilities in a timely manner.

CERTIFICATION

HEREBY CERTIFY that the applicant has read and understands the General and IDEA grant assurances and will comply with such assurances.

Name of Local Board Official:

Board Approved Date: