

Special Education Reimbursement Guide State Categorical Aid

Contains

Catastrophic Aid Medicaid Replacement

Transportation Reimbursement Special Teacher Reimbursement

FOR SCHOOL YEAR 2019-20 (State Fiscal Year 2020) and Extended School Year 2019 TO BE AUDITED IN 2020-2021

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Reimbursement Guide: Summary of Changes

Change	Reason	Pages
Added definitions of IEP and IFSP	Clarification	3
Minor clarifications throughout (adding periods, spelling out abbreviations	Clarification	
Rearranged Early Childhood wording, added clarification on Time and Effort	Clarification	19-20
Reworded Infant Toddler teacher information – not changed, just reworded	Clarification	21
Vocational Special Needs certificate no longer required	Change per teacher licensure	22
Clarified that KCDHH development plan accepted only when based on 3.0 or higher	Clarification	23
Rearranged/Reworded Paraeducator Inservice page and worksheet to match each other and put tiers in order.	Clarification	28/ Appendix D
Title paraeductor-Removed qualification as those are maintained elsewhere	Simplification	32
Contract paras with KSSB or KSD – corrected wording for new program	Corrections	34
Corrected LPR areas/Revised Appendix A to be vertical	Change per teacher licensure	Appendix A Appendix C
6/28/18 Changed due (close) dates to the first of payment months	Consistency	
6/28/18 New for 19-20 each payment must be approved by LEA administrator	Requirement from KSDE Fiscal	

Glossary:

FTE

Full Time Equivalent. One FTE = One full time position (186 days or 1116 hours). Part time, partial year, and full time employee positions are added together to create the total FTE in a district. Paraeducators are reimbursed as 2/5 a special teacher (40%).

Infant Toddler

Children Ages 0-2

Early Childhood

Children Ages 3-5

Individualized Education Program (IEP)

Education document for children ages 3 to 21.

Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP)

Education document for children from infancy through age 2.

LEA

Local Educational Agency. General term encompassing school districts, interlocals and special education cooperatives.

Non Professional

Non-professionals are referred to throughout this guide as paraeducators. The term as used in this guide generally means someone who is not licensed in a particular area as a professional or who is required to be supervised by a professional.

Professional

For each area a special teacher is assigned, there are licensing or certification requirements that must be met to claim the special teacher to be claimed as a professional. Please refer to the licensure chart in the Appendices.

Qualified personnel

Federal (34 CFR 300.23) "personnel who have met SEA-approved or SEA-recognized certification, licensing, registration, or other comparable requirements that apply to the area in which the individuals are providing special education or related services". State (KAR 91-40-1(zz)) "qualified means being certified, licensed, registered or otherwise authorized by the state to render services in a particular profession or occupation".

Special teacher

(K.S.A. 72-3404(j)) "a person, employed by or under contract with a school district or a state institution to provide special education or related services, who is: (1) Qualified to provide special education or related services to exceptional children as determined pursuant to standards established by the state board; or (2) Qualified to assist in the provision of special education or related services to exceptional children as determined pursuant to standards established by the state board".

Specially Designed Instruction (Special Education)

Special education means specially designed instruction (KAR 91-40-1(kkk); 34 CFR 300.39(a)(1)), and specially designed instruction means adapting the content, methodology, or delivery of instruction to address the unique needs of a child that result from the child's exceptionality to ensure access of the child to the general education curriculum in order to meet the educational standards that apply to all children (KAR 91-40-1 (III); 34 CFR 300.39(b)(3)(i-(ii)).

Purpose:

This guide is intended to help users understand and prepare claims for state special education funds known as Categorical Aid. Text in red indicates a difference from the previous year.

Overview of Categorical Aid:

Categorical Aid consists of several components.

- Catastrophic Aid
- Medicaid Replacement
- Transportation Reimbursement
- Special Teacher Reimbursement

These components are also the order of precedence in which state special education funds are distributed, as catastrophic and Medicaid replacement are reimbursed first, then transportation is reimbursed out of the remaining categorical aid funds, finally the remaining funds are distributed based on the amount of Full Time Equivalency (FTE) reported for special teachers.

General Requirement for all categorical aid special education reimbursement:

Categorical aid helps with the cost of implementing Individualized Education Program (IEP) services over and above the regular education that all students are entitled to receive.

All expenditures claimed for reimbursement under categorical aid must have been paid from the Local Education Agency (LEA)'s special education funds

All categorical aid money requested by the LEA must be deposited in its special education fund

Purpose of state categorical aid funding

The purpose of state special education funding is to supplement Federal allocations under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), which currently funds approximately 19% of the total cost of providing special education and related services to eligible students. The Kansas Legislature has attempted to add to this limited Federal funding by allocating state funds in terms of a percentage of "excess costs," defined as the amount over and above the average cost of educating a student who is not receiving special education services. In most recent years, reimbursement to LEAs has been approximately 92% of excess costs. In addition to Federal aid and state categorical aid, LEA's transfer the additional amount needed to cover the cost of special education from the LEA general fund.

The 92% figure includes reimbursement of medical-related services provided to Medicaid-eligible students received in the previous year. No margin of error exists for students whose parents do not grant consent for the school to release personally identifiable information in order to bill Medicaid, for billing errors, or for claims denied that were valid.

This guide has been developed through collaboration between the Fiscal Auditing, School Finance, and the Special Education and Title Services teams of the Kansas State Department of Education with input every year from the public. Federal and state laws and regulations form the foundation for the guidance, procedures, and processes described in this document.

Verification

KSDE audits district, cooperative and interlocal special education budgets yearly. This audit includes verification of accuracy in reimbursements for transportation, catastrophic aid, special teacher reimbursement, and special teacher reimbursement accessed through contracts. Throughout this guide, reference is made to documents needed for review during these audits.

Questions on specific topics:

Catastrophic Aid/ Non-Public Equivalency contracts – Mason Vosburgh 785-296-4945 Medicaid Replacement/Transportation Reimbursement – Sara Barnes 785-296-4972 Special Teacher Reimbursement – Evelyn Alden 785-296-3868

Catastrophic Aid (K.S.A. 72-3425)

General Requirements

- Students are only eligible for catastrophic aid if the costs of providing services exceed twice
 the per teacher entitlement for categorical aid from the prior school year after deducting all
 other state and/or federal aid for the student.
- Reimbursement is 75% of the costs exceeding the amount of twice the prior year's teacher entitlement. Example: after deducting all other state and/or federal aid, a student requires \$50,000 of services. Last year's teacher entitlement was \$20,000. The student is eligible for catastrophic aid because services exceed twice the amount of last year's teacher entitlement. The district can claim catastrophic aid reimbursement on the excessive amount (\$10,000) which would be reimbursed at 75% (\$7500).
- Amounts requested under this act can be used only to reimburse costs for the excessive expenditures in providing special education services for students qualifying for catastrophic aid and must be documented in the student's IEP or supporting IEP documentation
- Districts are required to provide financial information to KSDE upon request.
- Based on actual unduplicated (un-reimbursed) costs for the provision of special education and related services as documented in the IEP. Expenditures may be estimated only if solely based on anticipated services as stated in the IEP, Categorical Aid Personnel System, or MIS Database.
- Separate claims are made for each student within the MIS Database.
- Valid information is required for all providers to assure proper licensure and payment of catastrophic aid

Specific Considerations

Data Necessary for Completing Claim

- <u>Allowable expenses and necessary deductions</u> used in the catastrophic aid claim are outlined in the catastrophic aid worksheet on the Special Education Funding site: http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=538 under the Catastrophic Aid header.
- This worksheet is intended to assist with the calculations and should not be submitted to KSDE, however, the district will need to retain a completed worksheet for auditing purposes.

Prorating Shared Services

Expenditures for services that benefit more than one child must be prorated among all the children receiving services to delineate the cost for the catastrophic aid eligible student.

Such proration may occur for: (See the examples section below for illustration)

- Special teacher services
- Transportation for the catastrophic aid eligible student
- Mileage incurred by a special teacher or paraeducator in delivering services

Paraeducator Time And Catastrophic Aid

Paraeducator time may be claimed for catastrophic aid if:

- Assigned and supervised in providing direct support to the catastrophic aid eligible child as documented in the child's IEP
- Providing dedicated instructional support services
- Providing attendant care services
- Providing interpreter services
- Providing support services during extracurricular before and/or after school activities
- Providing bus services
- Providing support services during lunch or other non-instructional time during the regular school day
- Paraeducator time is prorated in the same manner as special teacher time

Expenses Not Reimbursed Through Catastrophic Aid

- Professional or paraeducator activities for which categorical aid covers such as:
 - General education intervention (GEI)
 - Screenings
 - Preparation
 - Attending IEP meeting
 - Maintaining IEP files
 - Preparation time to deliver specially designed instruction
 - Communication with parents and teachers not included as part of the delivery
- Due process and administrative costs
- Staff development and in-services

Submission Procedures

Enter the catastrophic aid information into the MIS database and submit to KSDE

Approval Process

All applications will be reviewed by the KSDE administrators for payment approval. Those applications with sufficient expenditures, valid justification and complete data will be approved for payment. Conversely those applications with insufficient expenditures, inadequate justification or incomplete data will be denied. Districts will be notified of a rejected application, the basis of the rejection and may reapply for funds if time allows.

Examples of prorating time and transportation:

- 1. Teacher A provides services to four children all day in the same classroom. Teacher A's salary and benefits total \$60000. On the catastrophic aid claim for student B, include \$15,000 (60,000 ÷ 4) for teacher salary and benefits.
- 2. A special teacher is contracted for .90 special education FTE and .10 general education FTE. The LEA pays the special teacher \$55,555 per year in salary and benefits. The special teacher has five students on her caseload with the following amounts of service (see table below) documented in the student's IEP's. As two students receive instruction at the same time, these services are prorated accordingly. Student 1 is eligible for catastrophic aid. How should the district calculate the amount of instructional time received by that student?

First, before the special teacher's time can be prorated among the students, the teacher's salary must first be prorated by the amount of time dedicated to special education. In this case, 90% (.90 FTE) is dedicated to special education. The special teacher's salary is multiplied by the FTE amount dedicated to special education to produce a proportionate salary for special education - \$50,000 for this example.

Next, a proportionate amount of time is calculated by multiplying the special teacher's contracted days by the special education FTE amount.

186 contracted days X .90 FTE = 167.4 days assigned to special education activities.

167.4 days X 450 minutes per contracted day = 75,330 minutes per year.

Student	Service Time	Total Minutes	Calculation	Percent of Time
Student 1	100 minutes 5 times	18,000 minutes	18,000 / 75,330	.238%
	a week 36 weeks			
Student 2	20 minutes 3 times a	1,080 minutes	1,080 / 75,330	.014%
	week 36 weeks / 2*			
Student 3	15 minutes 5 times a	1,350 minutes	1,350 / 75,330	.017%
	week 18 weeks			
Student 4	20 minutes 3 times a	1,080 minutes	1,080 / 75,330	.014%
	week 36 weeks / 2*			
Student 5	150 minutes 3 times	16,200 minutes	16,200 / 75,330	.215%
	a week 36 weeks			

^{*}Teacher time is prorated because the special teacher provides services to 2 students at the same time.

Note: All service times are based on actual services and the remaining forecasted services to be provided in the school year.

Costs for delivering special education services: Multiply salary by % of time calculated in the above table

Student	Calculation	Total Expenditure Per Child
Student 1	\$50,000 X .238	\$11,900
Student 2	\$50,000 X .014	\$700
Student 3	\$50,000 X .017	\$850
Student 4	\$50,000 X .014	\$700
Student 5	\$50,000 X .215	\$10,750

The district will claim \$11,900 on the catastrophic aid application for student 1.

3. District C operates a special education transportation route for five students including Student B, who is eligible for catastrophic aid and has this transportation identified in the IEP. The cost of the route (driver, gas, repairs, etc.) is \$15,000. On the catastrophic aid claim for Student B, include \$3,000 (15,000 ÷ 5) for transportation.

Documentation Required for Audit: Catastrophic Aid

- Documentation matching actual expenses to the specific student claimed
- Student's IEP and supporting paperwork
- Purchase orders
- Deductions worksheet which includes actual, allowable expenditures on the Special Education Funding site: http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=538 under the Catastrophic Aid header
- Copies of provider licenses if KSDE is unable to verify license

Medicaid Replacement State Aid (K.S.A. 72-3440)

A portion of state special education state aid, not exceed \$9,000,000 in any school year, is designated as Medicaid replacement state aid. Allocations are based upon the number of special education children that have been approved for Medicaid reimbursement on March 1, allowing a window of one week prior and one week after. Medicaid claims are submitted to the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE), Division of Health Care Finance (HCF), through the MMIS billing portal for Medicaid eligible students. KDHE will provide to Kansas Department of Education - School Finance, no later than May 15 in any school year, the student counts of paid Medicaid claims for each organization. The Medicaid replacement state aid is included in the final June 1 special education state aid payment.

Transportation (K.S.A. 72-3422(b)(1)-(3))

General Requirements:

Special education transportation, whether involving a special teacher as defined in the glossary or pupil travel, is only reimbursable if it is specified as a related service in the student's IEP. All transportation costs are reimbursed at 80% of the actual travel expenses incurred.

All transportation reimbursement is claimed on Form 308, which is an online form accessed through Authenticated Applications (LEA Forms) and must be submitted on or about May 10 each year. This early filing deadline requires LEAs to make estimates of May and June expenses. Specific instructions will be sent out to school administrators each year. LEAs should not include identified students riding a special education bus as students riding a regular bus in the Kansas Individual Data on Students (KIDS).

Costs not allowable for Transportation Reimbursement include:

- Student tuition
- Expenditures of a regular bus at the time it is serving a regular route
- Special teacher travel, including administrative travel, to:
 - Attend meetings not associated with the provision of services to students
 - Travel to attend meetings, inservice workshops, Special institutes, and other professional meetings (Kansas Attorney General Opinion number 81-13)
- Special teacher salaries
- Cost of special teacher lodging, meals, and conference registration fees
- Cost of travel associated with the delivery of supplies or equipment, and performance of maintenance
- Cost of travel in recruiting special teachers
- Cost of travel outside the LEA's boundaries unless required by a student's IEP
- Cost of travel incurred by an agency/company under a non-public school equivalency contract
- Travel from a special teacher's home to official station, where the employee regularly performs
 his or her duties. If the employee's work involves recurring travel or varies on a recurring basis,
 the official station is where the work activities of the employee's position of record are based or
 where more than one-half of the work time is spent for three or more months.(K.A.R. 1-16-3)

Documentation Required for Audit: Transportation Expenses:

- · Expense reports for individuals
- Vehicle expense invoices
- Vehicle logs
- Student IEPs

Specific Requirements (with Form 308 line reference):

A. SPECIAL TEACHER MILEAGE, K.S.A. 72-3422(b)(1). (Claimed on Line 8)

Actual travel allowances of special teachers in connection with duties in providing special education or related services for exceptional children (limited to rate specified in K.S.A. 75-3203). If a special teacher resides outside the city designated as their official station, travel from the residence to an activity may be reimbursed for the lesser of: the distance between the official station and the activity OR, the distance between the residence and the activity. (K.A.R. 1-16-3c)

Allowable costs include:

- Mileage expenditures directly related to providing special education and related services to exceptional children as outlined in the student's IEP
- Out-of-district mileage if specified in the student's IEP
- Cost of travel by Special Education Administrators if associated with the administration of special education such as attending IEP meetings, meeting with special education staff, ensuring quality of special education services, etc.
- Expenditures incurred for a paraeducator to accompany an exceptional student on the special education bus during or outside the school day. These expenditures should only be claimed on Form 308 and not on the special teacher claim
- Infant Toddler special teacher mileage must be paid by the LEA to be claimed on Form 308.

B. PUPIL TRANSPORTATION, K.S.A. 72-3422(b)(2).

Actual travel expenses incurred in providing transportation for exceptional children to special education or related services as outlined in the student's IEP. Transportation not required in an IEP may not be claimed. Expenses not incurred by the LEA are not reimbursable.

Auditing note: Reimbursement will not be paid if a student has been counted in determining the regular route transportation weighting of the district under the provisions of the School District Finance and Quality Performance Act. This is intended to prohibit reimbursing the same mileage twice.

Pro-Rating Special Education Reimbursement:

If a vehicle is used to transport both identified and regular education students, the special education ratio is determined by the number of identified students (with travel on the IEP) divided by total number of students riding the bus.

If a vehicle is used only part time for travel required in IEPs, the special education ratio is determined by the number of miles for special education divided by the total miles driven for the vehicle.

Allowable costs include:

Salary of Bus Drivers and Transportation Aides (claimed on Line 1)

Salary, benefits and payroll taxes (social security, unemployment, worker's comp, insurance, etc.) for special education bus drivers for the purpose of transporting identified students are reimbursable. The cost incurred for paraeducators accompanying an exceptional student on the special education bus outside the school day should be claimed here. This time must NOT be included as time worked by the paraeducator on the LEA's personnel report.

Contracted Services (claimed on Line 2)

Transportation costs incurred directly by districts that have contracted with a parent or other private party for the transportation of an exceptional child. Contracted services include payments made for contracted bus service and for mileage paid to parents who transport identified students. This would include taxi services, services supplied by another LEA and services provided by private bus companies, however, these costs can only be claimed if the LEA bears the financial responsibility for the transportation. The provision of these services must be the responsibility of the district.

Insurance (claimed on Line 3)

Insurance payments covering vehicles used to transport identified students. The LEA MUST verify that insurance costs have not been duplicated on the Annual Statistic Report Form 18E on the regular route pupil transportation expense form.

Other Expenses (claimed on Line 5)

Maintenance costs such as gasoline, oil, routine maintenance, tires, and repairs of special education vehicles. Maintenance costs claimed for special education reimbursement should not be entered on the Annual Statistic Report Form 18E on the regular route pupil transportation expense form. Administrative salaries are entered here but are not to exceed 10% of the line 5 expenditures. Vehicle maintenance salaries are also allowed on this line.

Capital Outlay Fund (claimed on Line 6)

Expenditures for equipment used in transporting students such as major modifications made to school district vehicles, which include ramps, lifts, bus safety lights, and other items needed to equip vehicles for special education. Do not include vehicle purchase. The LEA may opt to claim the total cost of the modification of special education vehicles in the year of the expense or may depreciate the cost over an eight-year period.

Depreciation (claimed on Line 7)

The only method of depreciation allowed is straight-line depreciation over 8 years on vehicles used exclusively for the transportation of exceptional children or the pro-rated share for vehicles used for dual purposes. The vehicle must have been delivered on or before June 1 to be claimed in the current year. Depreciation claimed on Form 308 must not also be claimed on the Annual Statistic Report Form 18E on the regular route pupil transportation expense form.

Transportation Expenditure Reimbursements (listed on Line 10)

Any reimbursement received such as insurance recovery or payments from other LEAs or organizations for the use of special education.

C. MAINTENANCE IN LIEU OF TRANSPORTATION, K.S.A. 72-3422(b)(3). (Claimed on Line 4). Costs incurred in providing room and board or non-medical care (or both) while maintaining an exceptional student at some place other than the child's residence for the purpose of providing special education.

Special aspects of the requirement:

- Reimbursement shall not exceed \$600 per exceptional child per year (allowable expenditures may not exceed \$750, because 80% of \$750 is \$600)
- These expenses are at no cost to the parents of the child if the district in which the child resides
 provides special education services to the child at a place outside the district (K.A.R. 91-40-21(j))

Examples of reimbursable and non-reimbursable special transportation events:

- 1. An identified student rides a regular bus, which is outlined in the student's IEP, to a pick-up point, then is shuttled to special services on a special education bus. Can the district claim reimbursement for the regular bus trip? For the regular bus trip, the district can either choose to pro-rate the total cost of the bus and claim transportation reimbursement for that amount or count the student for regular route transportation weighting. The shuttle to special services would be included on the special transportation expenditure report for the 80% funding.
- 2. A single bus transports five regular education students and five identified students (as outlined in their IEP's) who ride together throughout the year to school. The total yearly cost of operating the bus is \$10,000. What amount can the district claim for special transportation reimbursement? The district pro-rates the entire cost by the number of identified students, which is calculated by dividing the number of identified students by the total number of students riding the bus. The first part of the calculation determines the percentage of identified students:

 5/10 = .5. The second part of the calculation determines the cost attributable to the percentage of identified students: .5 x \$10,000 = \$5,000. The district can claim \$5,000 for special transportation reimbursement, of which the district will be reimbursed 80%.
- 3. District A transports a student to Company/Agency C which provides special services for the student with District A. District A will be reimbursed 80% of these transportation costs by KSDE because the district is directly responsible for the transportation of the student.
- 4. Teacher X is employed by Company/Agency C. District A has a Non Public Equivalency Contract with Company/Agency C to provide services to a student. Teacher X drives from C's office to the student's home to provide services. *Teacher X's mileage is not reimbursable by KSDE because travel cost is part of Non Public Equivalency rates*.
- 5. Company/Agency C staff drives to a student's home and transports the student to C's place of business, provides special education services under a non-public school equivalency contract, and transports the student back home. No transportation aid is available because District A incurs no separate cost for transportation. Any transportation costs incurred by Company C would be included in the contract amount with the district
- 6. District A has an individual service provider contract with Provider Y to provide PT services to a student. Y incurs mileage in going to and from the student's home while providing services. District A should list Y on the district's special teacher personnel report for the amount of time services were provided and may incur reimbursement as "teacher travel" on Form 308 because, a provider under an individual service provider contract is identified as a Special Teacher.
- 7. Special Teacher Y lives in Moran, is employed by a Coop and provides OT services in Iola, Humboldt and Chanute. There is no school in Moran. Most services (65%) are provided in Iola. Official station is Iola because that is where the majority of the work is, even though the Coop offices are in Chanute. Mileage between Iola and home may not be claimed. Mileage between Chanute and home may be claimed at 22 miles (the lesser of Chanute to Iola (22) and Chanute to Moran (32)).
- 8. LEA contracts with an Infant Toddler program to provide special education services to infants and toddlers, including transportation for special teachers. The Infant toddler program provides mileage logs to the LEA at year's end and LEA reimburses the Infant Toddler program for the entire cost. The LEA's cost would be included on the special transportation expenditure report for the 80% funding.

Special Teacher Reimbursement (K.S.A. 72-3422(b)(4))

The Special Education Administrator must review personnel submitted for reimbursement. There are five payments during the year; LEAs must ensure that data is accurate and complete before the deadline for each payment. The deadlines for updating the program used for reimbursement are the first of the month of each payment with the final deadline on May 1st.

Reimbursement Deposit Schedule:

	•
October	25% of the claimed Regular Special Teacher FTE. 100% of ESY Special Teacher FTE
15	for the prior summer term.
December	50% of the claimed Regular Special Teacher FTE. 100% of ESY Special Teacher FTE.
15	Minus the October payment.
March	67% of the eligible Regular Special Teacher FTE. 100% of ESY Special Teacher FTE.
15	Minus the October and December payments.
April	84% of the eligible Regular Special Teacher FTE. 100% of ESY Special Teacher FTE.
15	Minus the October, December, and March payments.
June	Total eligible entitlement including Transportation Aid, Medicaid Replacement Aid and
01	Catastrophic Aid minus previous payments

All teachers and paraeducators that are eligible for payment throughout the year should be included in the May report and reports must be checked through the year to ensure that appropriate FTE is being paid. The report should include the termination date and the FTE calculation for personnel who have left the LEA. The total special education categorical aid special teacher reimbursement for the year will be based on the May report. No supplemental payments will be issued.

Calculation of Special Teacher Categorical Aid

The Special Teacher portion of categorical aid distribution is based on the amount of qualified FTE (full-time equivalent) submitted for special teachers (professionals (teachers and related services) and nonprofessionals (paraeducators and licensed/certified assistants)) by LEAs. Reimbursement is based on the ratio of the LEA's total *special teacher* FTE to the state total *special teacher* FTE. The resulting percentage is applied to the total categorical aid funds available (after Medicaid Replacement, Catastrophic Aid, and Transportation costs have been subtracted) to determine the amount of funds available for distribution for each FTE.

Reimbursement is by either days or hours worked. The employment contract will determine if hours or days should be claimed. FTE is based on a 186 day or 1116 hour school year. Start and end dates should reflect the first and last day of work for an individual. 1.0 FTE is based on the local Board approved standard number of days for a full contract year, then by the percentage of the employment contract paid. See Appendix B.

Reimbursement will be based on the lesser of the contracted special education FTE or Time and Effort documentation of special education time. If the contract(s) indicates that a certain percentage of the *special teacher*'s time is to be allocated to special education, then at least that amount of time must be documented, however if the Time & Effort documentation reflect percentages over the amount in the contract(s), the amount reimbursed will be consistent with the percentage in the contract.

Examples:

Contract states that the *special teacher* will work 80% of the time on special education and 20% in regular education duties

- Time and Effort records shows the *special teacher* worked 50 hours/week, 35/special education (70%), 15/regular education (30%). Reimbursement would be 70% based on the percentage of work done for special education.
- Time and Effort records show *special teacher* worked 90% of time on special education, reimbursement would be 80% based on the contract maximum

The only exception to this calculation method is categorical aid accessed through Non-public School Equivalency Contracts. Refer to Contracted Services

Travel

The FTE of *special teachers* claimed for categorical aid through CAPS will not be reduced based on time spent in transit to deliver services to a child. Commute time from the provider's home to school or office at the start of the work day, breaks in service, and commute time from the last site to home does not count toward FTE.

Incomplete/Partial Year Assignments

Categorical aid reimbursement for special teachers and paraeducators who terminate their contracts before the end of the school year or who begin after the start of the year, will be pro-rated based upon the terms of the contract. For example, contracts may be for a certain number of days, or may specify a certain number of hours. If *special teachers* and paraeducators are paid for a certain number of days, the 1.0 FTE will be the number of days in the local school board approved school year. If *special teachers* and paraeducators are paid by the hour, the 1.0 FTE will be 1116 hours. LEAs will not be reimbursed for more than 1.0 FTE for multiple people in the same position.

Dual Roles, Both Special Education

LEAs may employ *special teachers* to fulfill more than one role. For example, a *special teacher* who provides specially designed instruction for 3 hours per day may work as a transition specialist the other half of the day. Both roles are reimbursable and should be claimed separately, as long as the *special teacher* is appropriately certified/licensed/endorsed. In addition, the *special teacher*'s contract must delineate the special teacher's dual roles.

Dual Roles, Part General Education

Reimbursement will be pro-rated for special education personnel who are assigned part-time to general education duties, unless those duties (such as an extracurricular activity) take place outside the regular work day. The mere presence of students with exceptionalities in a general education class does not qualify special teachers for categorical aid reimbursement.

Special Services in General Education Settings

Reimbursement is not allowed for the time a *special teacher* teaches a general education class.

Collaborative Co-Teaching

Reimbursement is authorized for co-teaching in which one or more identified students with exceptionality receive IEP services. Two teachers, working together to teach a course with equal responsibility in the course outcomes and student success. Both teachers should be assigned to the same district and building. Planning and instruction are the shared responsibility of both the *special teacher* and the regular education teacher. The names of students listed on the caseload of the *special teacher* should be found in the MIS child count data submitted by the LEA. The IEPs of these students must reflect the amount of service provided by the *special teacher*. Questions regarding what is and isn't co-teaching should be directed to the Kansas Technical Assistance System Network (TASN) https://www.ksdetasn.org/

Services and Aids that also Benefit Non-Exceptional Children

Expenses for specially designed instruction and related services supplementary aids and services, provided in a regular class or other education-related setting to a child with an exceptionality in accordance with an IEP of the child are allowable, even if one or more non-identified children benefit from these services. However specially designed instruction and related services and supplementary aids and services personnel may not grade papers, spend time on parent teacher conferences, or perform any functions for the non-identified children.

34 C.F.R. §300.208 Permissive Use of Funds

For costs of special education and related services, and supplementary aids and services, provided in a regular class or other education-related setting to a child with a disability in accordance with an IEP of the child, even if one or more nondisabled children benefit from these services.

Categorical aid is not available for the time staff are providing special education services to students in identified juvenile correctional facilities. K.S.A. 72-3422(e) states: "No time spent by a special teacher in connection with duties performed under a contract entered into by the youth center at Atchison Juvenile Correctional Facility, the youth center at Beloit Juvenile Correctional Facility, the Larned Juvenile Correctional Facility, or the youth center at Topeka Juvenile Correctional Facility and a school district for the provision of special education services by such state institution shall be counted in making computations under this section."

Documentation Required for Audit: Special Teacher Reimbursement

See Appendix B as well: FTE Calculations and Required Documentation

IEPs/IFSPs	Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) may be reviewed to justify time claimed. Services for infants and toddlers (ages birth to 3) will be reviewed on their Individualized Family Service Plans (IFSPs). Services for preschool children (ages 3 through 5) may be on an IEP or IFSP.
Job Descriptions	To assure proper reporting of assigned duties. It is important that LEAs report accurately the job responsibilities of all personnel for whom they are claiming categorical aid reimbursement. Reporting staff as a <i>special teacher</i> under only one of the categories of exceptionality when that person actually has other job responsibilities gives a skewed picture of actual personnel needs and program growth.
Contracts	To assure proper reporting of assigned duties and for FTE claimed.
Time Cards	To assure proper reporting of assigned duties and for FTE claimed for personnel contracted on an hourly basis.
Supervision records	For supervision of paraeducators, when requested. Services provided to individual students may be reviewed.
Payment Records	To verify amounts paid and funding source used.
Work Products	Written documentation of work provided, such as assessment reports.
Qualifications	Verification that personnel claimed as non-professionals, whose assignments require specific qualifications (i.e. interpreters, OTA/PTA), have the proper qualifications.
Interviews	May be conducted to clarify actual duties performed.
GEI Plans	For professionals who must account for time spent providing General Education Interventions (GEI), auditors may request to review the intervention plans identifying the service provider's obligations, expected duration, etc.
Time & Effort	 The supporting time and effort record must: Be supported by a system of internal control which provides reasonable assurance that the charges are accurate, allowable, and properly allocated. Reasonably reflect the total activity for which the employee is compensated by the non-Federal entity, not exceeding 100% of compensated activities encompass both federally assisted and all other activities compensated by the non-Federal entity on an integrated basis. Support the distribution of the employee's entire salary or wages among specific activities or cost objectives if the employee has more than one cost objective (Note: An employee may be paid out of multiple funding sources, yet have only one cost objective).

Assignments Reimbursable for Greater than 1.0 FTE (Additional Assignment)

There are limited, specific instances for which individuals may be claimed for second positions in addition to a full time position. The second position should be marked as an "Additional Assignment".

- Services must be required in order for LEAs to provide direct instruction to students with Individualized Education Programs (IEPs) or Individualized Family Service Plans (IFSPs) to meet IDEA requirements.
- Only for 2nd assignments over 1 FTE. If only one position exists, regardless of the location of the services, that assignment should not be marked as additional.
- Second assignments must have separate, supplemental contracts and IEP/IFSPs that document the need for services.
- These services must be provided outside the regular assignment and providers are typically paid on an hourly basis.

Things to be aware of:

- Services provided to IT (Part C of IDEA) must be on a separate assignment from other levels.
- Compensatory services are not reimbursable.
- Teachers must be qualified for the level and area of services they are assigned.
- Splitting a regular work day into multiple contracts does not allow additional FTE.
- Paraeducators cannot be assigned as the sole provider.

Examples of common additional assignments (all personnel would be full time special teachers, with these assignments being additional)

- Home-based/homebound/hospital instruction and services.
- Services to students while under suspension/expulsion
- EC or IT assignments with two agencies
- Interpreters for deaf/hard of hearing for extracurricular activities.

Documentation Required for Audit: Over 1.0 FTE Assignment

- Separate personnel actions/contracts for the extra assignments.
- Student IEP/IFSP documenting the activities for which additional reimbursement is sought.
- Timesheets for the identified assignments that must be separate from timesheets for the school day position and must document hours worked outside the regular work week.

Substitutes (K.A.R. 91-31-34)

As long as a classroom teacher is being paid by the LEA (includes LEA-paid short-term disability insurance pay), only the original teacher should be listed to cover both the teacher and the replacement's time filling the position. Substitutes are only reported when the regular teacher is not being paid by the LEA.

For positions covered by KSDE teaching endorsements, the following limits apply for substitutes that do not possess the required endorsements:

Valid teaching license – 125 days = .67 FTE Substitute license – 90 days = .48 FTE ESub with degree – 30 days = .16 FTE ESub without degree – 15 days = .08 FTE

For related service positions, the substitute must possess the appropriate certificate, license, or registration for the position in order to be eligible for categorical aid. Since such substitutes are appropriately certified/licensed for the position, they should be reported on the Personnel Report under the appropriate professional classification, not as a substitute.

Note: If the professional is appropriately licensed for the assignment, do not claim as a substitute

The amount of time substituting should not exceed the time allowed for a substitute's license/certificate and the FTE claimed for the position, regardless of how many people fill the position, may not exceed 1.0 FTE.

Documentation Required for Audit: Substitutes

Auditors will review:

- Personnel action(s) for substitute with assignment(s) identified
- Timesheets
- Certificate/license. The type of license held limits the number of days reimbursed:

State special education categorical aid will not be paid for substitute teachers who do not have a current teaching certificate/license issued by the Kansas State Board of Education.

K.A.R. 91-31-34. Local board of education requirements.

- (a) General. Each local board of education shall ensure that each school meets the requirements of this regulation.
- (b) Staff.
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, in filling positions for which a license or certificate is issued by the state board, each school district shall employ persons who hold licenses or certificates with specific endorsements for the positions held.
 - (2) If a teacher holding an appropriate license or certificate is not available, the school district shall use a substitute teacher holding a valid Kansas teacher or administrator license or certificate at any level or in any field or subject. A school district shall not allow any person holding a Kansas teaching license or certificate to substitute teach for more than 125 days in the same assignment.
 - (3) If a substitute teacher holding a valid Kansas teacher or administrator license or certificate is not available, the school district shall use a substitute teacher holding a valid Kansas substitute teaching license or certificate. A school district shall not allow a person holding a substitute teaching license or certificate to teach for more than 90 days in the same assignment.
 - (4) If a substitute teacher holding a valid Kansas substitute teaching license or certificate is not available, the school district shall use a person who holds a baccalaureate degree and an emergency substitute teaching license or certificate. A school district shall not allow a person who holds a baccalaureate degree and an emergency substitute teaching license or certificate to teach for more than 30 days in the same assignment.
- (5)(A) If a person holding a baccalaureate degree and an emergency substitute teaching license or certificate is not available, the school district shall use a person who has been licensed or certified by the state board as an emergency substitute teacher. A school district shall not allow any person who does not hold a baccalaureate degree to teach for more than 15 days in the same assignment or more than 60 days in a semester.
 - (B) If a local board of education documents that there is an insufficient supply of substitute teachers, the board may appeal to the commissioner of education for authority to allow individuals holding an emergency substitute teaching license or certificate to continue to teach for an additional length of time that shall not exceed a total of 93 days in a school year.

Extended School Year (ESY) (Summer session)

An extended school year setting is any setting in which specially designed instruction and/or related services are made available to students with disabilities beyond the regular school term provided to non-disabled children.

Extended school year services will be reimbursed on a pro-rated basis; 186 days or 1116 hours will be used as divisors in computing the FTE per employee position. LEAs will not be reimbursed for more than .30 FTE (335 hours) for ESY.

Reimbursement is provided for:

- extended school year services provided these services are specified in students' IEPs. Special
 education supports or modifications reflected in the students' IEPs are reimbursable even when
 provided during summer school. General education summer school programs are not eligible for
 reimbursement, even though students with disabilities may be included in these programs.
- personnel who conduct evaluations during a summer session.
- time spent in administering tests, analyzing test results, writing evaluation reports, conducting
 file reviews, participating in staffings, professional development, and a reasonable number of
 prep days.
- Special education administrators and coordinators who supervise ESY services **only when students with IEPs are in attendance.**
- Gifted services are not reimbursable during ESY (K.A.R. 91-40-1(x))
- Substitutes are not reimbursable during ESY

All staff must maintain Personal Activity Reports to document that services were provided during ESY. A schedule showing the times and dates students were in attendance must be maintained for auditors.

Extended School Year Contracts:

- The LEA calendar is used to determine the start and end dates for ESY services, these dates will vary from LEA to LEA.
- LEAs should report the actual number of hours worked during ESY contracts.
- If ESY contracts specify that personnel will be paid by the hour, reimbursement will be made on the basis of the total hours worked divided by 1116 hours, however, the number of hours claimed per day may not exceed the hours per day during the regular school year.
- If ESY contracts specify that personnel will work a certain number of days, reimbursement will be made on the basis of the number of full days worked divided by 186 days.

Child Find Activities

Child Find, according to Kansas regulation 91-40-07, allows for the participation of special education staff in activities to identify, locate, and evaluate all children with exceptionalities. As a result, KSDE provides reimbursement of *special teachers* and paraeducators involved in Child Find activities as specified below.

Screening:

Screenings conducted by special education and related services personnel in accordance with policies and procedures adopted by the local board are reimbursable Child Find activities. While vision and hearing screenings are reimbursable Child Find activities, vision and hearing screening procedures that are afforded to all students as required by state law are not reimbursable even if performed by *special teachers*.

Non Reimbursable Basic Screenings:

K.S.A. 72-6229. Free tests required; when and by whom tests performed; reports to parents. (a) Every pupil enrolled in a school district or an accredited nonpublic school shall be provided basic hearing screening without charge during the first year of admission and not less than once every three years thereafter.

K.S.A. 72-6242. Basic vision screening required, exception; eye examination for conditions impairing reading ability. (a) (1) Each school board shall provide basic vision screening without charge to every pupil enrolled in each school under the governance of such school board not less than once every two (2) years.

General Education Intervention:

For school age children, screening procedures also include General Education Interventions (GEI) as a means of Child Find. Special education and related services personnel may participate in the general education interventions (GEI) process in a variety of ways, including activities such as:

Direct Services:

modeling of and coaching around instructional strategies; and providing intensive, direct instruction to students.

Indirect Services:

participating in problem-solving activities; consultation with other educators; collecting and analyzing student data; and providing indirect classroom support to general education teachers.

If special education and related service personnel provide direct services for the purpose of Child Find, there must be documentation on an individual student intervention plan for auditing purposes. A record or log listing the name of the special education provider, along with the actual minutes and dates services are provided must be available to the auditors upon request. In this situation, special education or other related service personnel may be reimbursed for providing intensive direct instruction for up to but not more than 180 cumulative hours, per school year, **per position**. Assigning Child Find responsibilities to special education and related services personnel should be closely monitored to ensure compliance with IDEA so that IEPs are followed and Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE) continues to be provided to students with exceptionalities.

A referral for evaluation must occur once data-based documentation indicates a special education evaluation is warranted. Services provided by special education and related service personnel solely designed to help meet a non-identified child's need in the general education classroom are not reimbursable.

Early Childhood

Special education services for children ages 3-5 are delivered in a variety of early childhood settings. These may include, but are not limited to, early childhood special education classrooms with peer models, public or private preschools, Head Start programs, or community childcare programs, or early childhood special education self-contained classrooms. In an effort to maximize resources, promote best practice, and create least restrictive environments for children with disabilities, many LEAs across Kansas are blending or combining preschool programs.

Teaching endorsements with "K" (Kindergarten) as a lower level are not accepted for early childhood special education. PreK is an acceptable grade endorsement for an early childhood teacher.

Early Childhood Screening

Early childhood screening for children birth through age 5 suspected of having a disability is considered to be a special education function and is a reimbursable activity. Developmental screenings conducted by *special teachers* or paraeducators are reimbursable activities. Vision and hearing screening as part of early childhood screening is reimbursable. Reimbursement will not be provided for vision and hearing screening procedures that are afforded to all students as required by state law (see Child Find section of this guide for more information).

Early Childhood and Infant-Toddler Family Services Coordination

Services in early childhood and infant-toddler settings may be provided for children from 0 through 5 years according to an IEP or an Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP). Family service coordination for children who receive services according to an IFSP or IEP from a *special teacher* is a reimbursable activity but cannot be the only service a child/family receives. Administrator time for Local Interagency Coordinating Council (LICC) activities is reimbursable. While paraeducators may assist in the delivery of family service coordination activities, they may not be the sole provider for these services. Paraeducators must be assigned and work under the direct supervision of a *special teacher* assigned to the delivery of family services coordination.

Early Childhood Staff listing in Categorical Aid Personnel System (CAPS)

Teachers working exclusively in early childhood should be claimed as area "EC" as well as grade levels EC-EC. Teachers working with older ages should not be claimed as **area** "EC". Preschool children under the age of 5 are not eligible for gifted services (K.A.R. 91-40-1(ddd))

Early Childhood Service Delivery Models

It is important to recognize that categorical aid is reimbursed based on how the special education services are delivered rather than the programs in which children are served. Listed below are the various service delivery models where children, ages 3-5, are typically served.

Early Childhood Co-Teaching Service Model

See Special Services in General Education Settings

Early Childhood Itinerant Service Model

Reimbursement is authorized for the time *special teachers* are assigned to provide instruction on an itinerant basis to children with disabilities in early childhood preschool programs, in the home, hospital or where ever has been determined as the least restrictive environment for that child.

Early Childhood Special Education Service Models

Reimbursement is authorized for the time *special teachers* provide instruction in early childhood special education programs. Special education service models include a variety of program configurations such as an early childhood special education reverse mainstream program or integrated programs. In special education service models, the special education teacher is the sole instructor and no regular preschool teacher is assigned to the program. If there are peer models in the program, the special education teacher is responsible for providing instruction to both children with exceptionalities and peer models.

Early childhood special education service models may also include blended programs where the special education program has been combined with one or more preschool programs such as Head Start or 4 Year Old At Risk. Regardless of the program configuration, if the ratio of identified students

on average is less than 50%, categorical aid will be pro-rated. The methodology for pro-rating FTE is provided: The ratio will be determined by averaging the enrolled and attending students on December 1st and May 1st. If the count day falls on a non-school day, the count day will be the first following school day.

Pro Rating FTE for Early Childhood Special Education Service Model

Full Time Special Education Teacher

Total caseload of students for the day (add all sessions with students with IEPs together)

EXAMPLE: 21 total students, 6 of them have IEPs (special education)

To obtain the pro-rated FTE: Multiply the number of students with IEPs by 2, then divide by the total of all students served in the program

(special education money can be used to fund the students with disabilities AND an equivalent number of peer models)

(IEPx2)/Total For the example above (6 X 2)/21=.57 FTE

Always round up when estimating FTE

Paraeducators in Special Education Service Model

For purposes of categorical aid reimbursement, special education paraeducators are assigned to students and not to programs. A connection within the IEP must be identified that justifies the need for paraeducator support as determined by the IEP team. If paraeducator time is supported by one or more IEPs, paraeducator FTE will not be prorated based on classroom ratios.

Time and Effort in Special Education Service Model

Categorical Aid funding will not be reduced for teachers of Special Education Early Childhood who are part of a Special Education Service Model classroom and whose percentage of time spent on special education activities falls below the claimed FTE. This does not apply to other grades/areas, or itinerant teachers.

IDEA Part C - Infant/Toddler Services (IT)

School LEAs serving families of infants and toddlers with disabilities (ages 0-2) may claim reimbursement for special education services as established in the Individualized Family Service Plans (IFSPs). LEAs responsible for making claims on behalf of an Infant Toddler (IT) network must work collaboratively with the Infant Toddler staff to ensure accuracy in fiscal reporting. Administrator time for Local Interagency Coordinating Council (LICC) activities is reimbursable. Birth or EC are the acceptable grade endorsements for an infant toddler special education teacher. Gifted services are not reimbursable for Infant Toddler programs (K.A.R. 91-40-1(ddd)). The rules and requirements for IDEA Part C programs to claim reimbursement are the same as for IDEA Part B LEAs.

Reimbursement for Infant-Toddler services may be claimed by the LEA as follows: Categorical Aid Personnel System (CAPS)

LEAs may contract with approved Infant Toddler Networks who provide Infant Toddler special education services utilizing *special teachers*. Infant-toddler special education teachers and paraeducators should be reported as the area of IT as well as grade levels IT-IT. Other staff providing infant toddler special education services should be reported in the appropriate area but with grade levels IT-IT. Time claimed for personnel who work in both IT (Part C of IDEA) and EC (Part B of IDEA) programs must be separate positions.

Non-Public School Equivalency Contract (NPSE)

LEAs may contract with approved Infant Toddler Networks who provide IDEA Part C services to individual children using certified or licensed *special teachers only*. All IFSP service providers for a child/family must be reported on the contracts. Reimbursement for contracted services will be based on FTE that is derived by multiplying the total number of service hours provided as documented in the individual student logs by the FTE Rate per Hour. To verify delivery of services, IFSPs are reviewed as part of the audit process. Service provider logs must document that services listed on IFSPs were actually delivered. Non-public equivalency contracts for IFSPs written May 1 or after may be included with contracts submitted for the following school year

ESY-Extended School Year (summer)

All local tiny-k programs/Infant toddler networks are required to provide year round services and do not have a "summer" session. Full time staff should be claimed at 1.0 FTE for the regular school year and up to 335 hours (.30 FTE) for the summer session. LEAs will not be reimbursed for more than .30 FTE for the Extended School Year.

Screening

Early childhood screening for children birth through age 5 suspected of having a disability is considered to be a special education function and is a reimbursable activity. Developmental screenings conducted by *special teachers* or paraeducators are reimbursable activities. Vision and hearing screening as part of early childhood screening is reimbursable. Reimbursement will not be provided for vision and hearing screening procedures that are afforded to all students as required by state law (see Child Find section of this guide for more information).

Early Childhood and Infant-Toddler Family Services Coordination

Services in early childhood and infant-toddler settings may be provided for children from 0 through 5 years according to an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or an Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP). Family service coordination for children who receive services according to an IFSP or IEP from a *special teacher* is a reimbursable activity but cannot be the only service a child/family receives. Administrator time for Local Interagency Coordinating Council (LICC) activities is reimbursable. While paraeducators may assist in the delivery of family service coordination activities, they may not be the sole provider for these services. Paraeducators must be assigned and work under the direct supervision of a *special teacher* assigned to the delivery of family services coordination.

Documentation Required for Audit: Infant Toddler

- IFSPs
- Individual child service logs (NPSE Contract) or Provider Service Logs (CAPS)
- Contracts or Employee Contracts/Personnel Agreements
- Copy of License/Certification

KSDE Licensed Personnel Details

Reimbursement for KSDE licensed personnel follows requirements that can be found in the Licensed Personnel Guide (http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=812).

Exceptions to KSDE Licensure requirementsWaivers

LEAs may claim reimbursement for teachers providing services for duties performed in areas/fields or instructional levels for which they are not endorsed under licensure waivers that have been approved by the Kansas State Board of Education. The reimbursement may only be claimed during the school year, or portion of the year, for which the waiver and the appropriate license are in effect. Waiver information may be found here: http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=549. For questions and information on waivers and waiver applications, please contact Teacher Licensure at 785-296-2288.

Hand Approval

In cases where a provider is correctly licensed/certified for a position, hand approval can override incorrect program rejection. Hand approval is also possible in other situations including:

KSDE licensed professionals Not Yet Certified

Understanding that licensing can be delayed for reasons beyond the teacher's control, teachers that are not yet licensed/endorsed by KSDE, but that have successfully completed the required programs, may be hand approved for reimbursement.

KSDE licensed professionals With Lapsed Certification

Teachers that have a gap in licensure due to reasons beyond the teacher's control, but that have successfully renewed their licenses, may be hand approved for reimbursement for the lapsed time.

Hand approval in these cases will not be given until the appropriate license/endorsement is in place, is not automatically granted, nor will it be given for more than the semester in which licensure/endorsement is granted. Hand approval covers only reimbursement, and does not apply to any other KSDE reporting method.

Administrator (AD) and Supervisor/Coordinator (SU)

Special education administration and supervision is a related service (KAR 91-40-1(ccc)(18)) and may be reimbursed if the following conditions are met:

- The administrator's contract and job description specifically state special education
 administration is a responsibility and must reflect if he/she is also to administer programs that
 are outside of special education such as administration of federal programs not specifically
 addressing the needs of students with exceptionalities, LEA-wide testing programs, and
 programs for at-risk students. Administrator time for Local Interagency Coordinating Council
 (LICC) activities is reimbursable.
- The special education administrator must be appropriately licensed by KSDE.
 - o (AD) Special education director
 - Special Education Director 3019
 - District Leadership 73006

- District Administration with special education endorsement (hand approved) 3006
- (SU) Supervisor/coordinator or assistant director
 - * Special Education Supervisor/Coord 2900
 - Building or Program Leadership 73005/73010
- Building Administration with special education endorsement (hand approved) 3010
- Special education director (AD) endorsements
- Special education directors will be reimbursed only for time spent in special education functions.
 Time and Effort must document time spent in the various duties of regular and special education administration.
- Building Principal duties (those concerned with building management, and general personnel management) are a general education function.
- Time spent as administrators for IDEA Part C programs must be coded for reimbursement as grade levels IT-IT.

Early Childhood Special Education Teacher (EC)

Teaching endorsements may have "Birth", "EC", or "PreK" as the lower level of the appropriate endorsement. "K" (Kindergarten) as a lower level are not accepted for early childhood special education. Teachers working exclusively in early childhood should be claimed as area "EC" as well as grade levels EC-EC, VI and HI are the only other teaching areas that should be used with grade levels EC-EC. Teachers working with older ages should not be claimed as area "EC".

Gifted (GI)

Must have endorsement from KSDE as a Gifted teacher. Preschool children under the age of 5 are not eligible for gifted services unless educational services are offered by the local board of education to all students under age 5. (K.A.R. 91-40-1(ddd))

Infant Toddler Special Education Teacher (IT)

Teaching endorsements may have "Birth" or "EC" as the lower level of the appropriate endorsement. "PreK" or "K" as a lower level are not accepted for infant toddler special education teachers. Teachers working in infant toddler programs should be claimed as area "IT" as well as grade levels IT-IT. VI and HI are the only other teaching areas that are allowed with grade levels IT-IT.

Integration Specialist (IS)

A consultative teacher modifies and adapts instruction for students with special needs. They may work with other teachers or students. If the consultative teacher works with students in the general education setting the special education teacher may provide direct assistance via individualized instruction or small group instruction as a support to the content teacher. In order to be claimed for reimbursement, these personnel must hold a Kansas teaching license with a special education endorsement, and be assigned special education duties and responsibilities.

Personnel Development (PD)

In order to be claimed for reimbursement, these personnel must hold a Kansas teaching license with a special education endorsement, and be assigned special education duties and responsibilities.

Physical Education (Adaptive Physical Education) (AP)

Requires Adapted Physical Education or new Physical Education (Endorsement number 70801, grades PreK-12).

Reading Specialist (RS)

Requires the school specialist endorsement Reading Specialist. Only services required on IEPs are reimbursable.

School Counselor (CS)

School counselors must hold the appropriate license from the Kansas State Department of Education. Time delivering routine services that may be provided to any student regardless of IEP status is not reimbursable. The services reimbursed through categorical aid must be services specified on an IEP. General education intervention, not just attendance at meetings, is an allowed special education activity for school counselors since it is defined as Child Find in Kansas regulation.

School Psychologist (PS)

School Psychologists are licensed by KSDE (including school psychology interns with KSDE licensure) with the following exceptions: Clinical psychologists, licensed by the Kansas Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board hired as a school psychologist *prior to July 1, 2007*; School psychology students with an existing related license and a Work Authorization from the Kansas Association of School Psychologists (KASP).

Transition Services (TS) and Work Study/Vocational (WS)

Follows the requirements for "Transition Specialist" in the Licensed Personnel Report.

Vocational Special Needs (VO)

Vocational certificates through KSDE are required. Most VO teachers certificates must be hand approved.

Non-KSDE Licensed Personnel Details

Related services personnel who are not licensed by KSDE are considered to be *special teachers* and will be reimbursed according to the policies established in this guide.

Related services personnel must be qualified and meet the established standard for that profession. If the related services provider is credentialed by an entity other than KSDE, KSDE recognizes that credential as the state standard. To be reimbursed, LEAs must ensure that they hire or contract with personnel who meet the state standard and have the appropriate credential.

Art Therapy (AT)

Registered Art Therapist (ATR) credential, Board Certified Art Therapist (ATR-BC), Art Therapy Certified Supervisor (ATCS) from the Art Therapy Credentials Board

Audiology (AU)

Current and valid license from KDHE Health Occupations Credentialing. An audiologist who holds a temporary license may not supervise assistants.

Assistive Technology (AS)

According to 20 U.S.C. 1401 The term "assistive technology service" means any service that directly assists a child with a disability in the selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device (any item, piece of equipment, or product system that is used to increase, maintain, or improve the functional capabilities of a child with a disability). Assistive Technology services include:

- (A) the evaluation of assistive technology devices
- (B) purchasing, leasing, or otherwise providing for the acquisition of assistive technology devices
- (C) selecting, designing, fitting, customizing, adapting, applying, maintaining, repairing, or replacing assistive technology devices
- (D) coordinating and using other therapies, interventions, or services with assistive technology devices
- (E) training or technical assistance for the child, or the family of the child
- (F) training or technical assistance for professionals..

Any special education professional may be reimbursed for this area.

Behavior Specialist

Certification as a Board Certified Behavior Analyst (BCBA or BCBA-D) from the Behavior Analyst Certification Board (BACB) OR licensed as a Behavior Analyst (BA) or a Psychologist (LP) by the Behavior Sciences Regulatory Board (K.S.A. 65-7503(1) and K.S.A. 65-7503(4)).

Braille Transcriber

Individuals who transcribe Braille and are certified will be reimbursed at the professional level. The following certifications are accepted: Literary Braille Transcribing from the Library of Congress (offered through the National Federation of the Blind); National Certification in Literary Braille (NCLB) or National Certification in Unified English Braille (NCUEB) from the National Blindness Professional Certification Board (NBPCB).

Interpreter/Educational Interpreter (IN)

LEAs may consider interpreters as professionals, regardless of their certification/assessment level. However, to be reimbursed at the professional level, a sign language interpreter for students who are deaf/hard of hearing must meet one the following criteria:

Accepted Certifications for reimbursement as a Professional Interpreter:

- EIPA (Educational Interpreter Performance Assessment): 3.5 minimum on performance. Must retake every five years unless score is 5.0
- ESSE(Educational Signed Skills Evaluation): 4.0 minimum on BOTH receptive and overall expressive (ESSE:R plus ESSE:I or ESSE:T). Must retake every five years unless score is 5.0 in both receptive and overall.
- Kansas Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing: Full and current registration; KQAS (Kansas Quality Assurance Screening) 4.0 minimum on EITHER interpretation or transliteration The KCDHH supervision plan is only accepted for ESSE or EIPA scores of 3.0 or more.
- RID (Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf): NIC (National Interpreter Certification) or Ed:K-12, current membership.
- Missouri Interpreter License, Advanced or Master/Comprehensive only
- Certifications by other states may be accepted, must be current.
- A two year Professional Development Plan is available twice for interpreters who scored at least a 3.0 on the EIPA, or on both sections of the ESSE, to allow them to be reimbursed as professionals while developing their skills to the needed levels.

Professional Interpreters must also have the following:

- A contract that reflects the interpreter is paid as a professional,
- Be supervised by a professional qualified to teach students who are deaf/hard of hearing
- Meet staff development requirements as established by the LEA.

Professional Development Plan

For an interpreter scoring 3.0 or above but less than 3.5 on the EIPA or a 4.0 on the ESSE, a two year professional development plan may be submitted for approval to KSDE addressing skill deficits identified by the EIPA or the ESSE. The complete EIPA or ESSE evaluation results should be submitted along with the plan. The professional development plan must provide a timeline which includes retesting to demonstrate progress by the end of the two year period. The professional development plan may be used twice, for a total of four years, to access categorical aid at the professional level. The Professional Development Plan may be found at http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=538#license.

Music Therapist (MT)

Music Therapist – holds current board certification through the Certification Board for Music Therapists (MT-BC); or currently holds the professional designation Registered Music Therapist (RMT), Certified Music Therapist (CMT), or Advanced Certified Music Therapist (ACMT), and is in good standing with the National Music Therapy Registry. **NMTR certification will not be valid after 2020**.

Nurse/School Nurse (NU)

Registered Nurse (RN) through Kansas Board of Nursing. Can be claimed for the provision of special education services as identified in the anticipated services section in individual students' IEPs which must contain anticipated frequency, duration and location of specific special education nursing services. Time delivering routine services that may be provided to any student regardless of IEP status is not reimbursable. The services reimbursed through categorical aid must be services specified on an IEP.

Occupational Therapist (OT)

Current license from the Kansas Board of Healing Arts.

Orientation/Mobility Specialist (OM)

Certified Orientation and Mobility Specialist (COMS) from Academy for Certification of Vision Rehabilitation and Education Professionals (ACVREP).

Physical Therapist (PT)

Current license from the Kansas Board of Healing Arts.

Recreation Therapist (RE)

Current certification from the National Council for Therapeutic Recreation.

Registered Dietician (RD)

Current and valid license from KDHE Health Occupations Credentialing

Social Worker (SW)

Licensed Masters Level professionals working with children and families. Current and valid license (or temporary license) issued by the Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board:

- Licensed Master Social Worker (LMSW or Temporary LMSW) and
- Licensed Specialist Clinical Social Worker (LSCSW or Temporary LSCSW)

Time delivering routine services that may be provided to any student regardless of IEP status is not reimbursable. The services reimbursed through categorical aid must be services specified on an IEP.

Speech Language Pathologist (SL)

Current and valid license from KDHE Health Occupations Credentialing. A speech-language pathologist who holds a temporary license may not supervise assistants.

Special Use (XX)

Specific licensed staff approved by KSDE. Do not claim staff in this category without approval from KSDE.

Documentation Required for Audit: Professionals

- Qualifications (KSDE license, non-KSDE license, certification, etc.)
- Personnel contract indicating area of work
- Student IEPs, if requested
- GEI plans, if requested, to document team decision of GEI services and duration
- Auditors may conduct interviews to determine job responsibilities

Paraeducators (nonprofessionals)

Reimbursement for nonprofessionals will be at .40 FTE (2/5 full-time equivalent) of the special education teacher rate, provided minimum standards have been met, staff development requirements are fulfilled, and the paraeducator is supervised as specified in this guide or required by the licensed profession.

To be employed as a special education paraeducator, the minimum requirements are:

- Be a high school graduate (or GED certificate), and;
- Complete an orientation session addressing confidentiality, the services to be provided, and the policies and procedures of the local education agency concerning special education.

LEAs may add additional requirements. Title I schools have different minimum requirements; please see the Title I section of this guide for more information.

Paraeducator Duties

Paraeducators provide instructional or related services under the supervision of licensed or certified special education professionals in an accredited or approved special education program.

Examples of allowable activities include:

- instructional support under the supervision of a professional,
- participation in IEP meetings;
- parent-teacher conferences;
- staff development; and
- student data collection and record-keeping, such as maintaining observational and anecdotal records:.
- assisting the *special teacher* with paperwork related to support provided to students with exceptionalities for whom s/he is responsible;
- supporting students with exceptionalities in a general education program if the paraeducator is supervised by a *special teacher*.

If paraeducators participate in these activities, the time will be counted as student contact hours for the purpose of computing special education reimbursement.

If paraeducators do not participate in these identified activities or some other special education instructional or related services, the time will not be counted as student contact hours for the purpose of computing special education reimbursement. Other duties may be performed by paraeducators but LEAs will not be reimbursed for the time spent on non-special education related activities.

Paraeducators must not be:

- Responsible for selecting or administering formal diagnostic or psychological instruments or for interpreting the results of those instruments;
- Responsible for selecting, programming, or prescribing educational activities or materials for the students without the supervision and guidance of the special teacher;
- Solely responsible for preparing lesson plans or initiating original concept instruction;
- Assigned to implement the IEP for students with exceptionalities without direct supervision and involvement from the professional;
- Employed in lieu of certified or licensed special education personnel. Staff claimed as paraeducators but employed as professionals to avoid licensing issues will not be reimbursed;
- Used as substitute special teachers, unless paraeducators possess the appropriate Kansas certification or license;
- Performing nursing procedures or administering medications without appropriate supervision/training from an approved health care professional.

Paraeducator Reimbursement Issues

- Medicaid clerical work, even if full-time to obtain special education reimbursement, is not a reimbursable activity; and
- Secretarial, bookkeeping, and clerical support work, even if in the offices of special education cooperatives or interlocals, are not reimbursable;

Staff Development

Each local education agency must prepare and maintain documentation of the annual staff development provided for special education instructional paraeducators for a period of at least 3 years. (Paraeducators may write Individual Development Plans but it is not required.) Paraeducators must participate in staff development, regardless of the number of hours/day or days/week worked.

Each staff development program must include the following:

- An orientation session (e.g., confidentiality of student records, important school policies, etc.) at
 the time a paraeducator is employed and an annual orientation thereafter to ensure compliance
 with confidentiality and other requirements. (Note: Beginning of year inservices in which special
 education issues are on the agenda are considered orientation); and
- Staff development activities specifically related to the area and type of program in which the special education instructional paraeducator is employed.

Timing

Staff development should be completed during the current school year. Some staff development may be completed during the summer if the local Special Education Director deems it appropriate.

Tiered Paraeducator Inservice Requirement

Staff development requirements are tiered based on the special education experiences and/or credentials of the paraeducator.

- 1. Twenty Staff Development Hours Required: Paraeducators who have worked as a Kansas special education paraeducator less than 3 years (within the past 3 years)
- 2. Ten Staff Development Hours Required: Paraeducators who have worked as a Kansas special education paraeducator for more than 3 years (<u>including each of the past 3 years</u>). A school year may be counted if it was 9 months (or the full school year) AND the appropriate amount of inservice was obtained. Short breaks may have been taken during the year.
- 3. Staff Development Hours Locally Determined
 - Inservice requirements are determined by the LEA for paraeducators that hold a current Kansas license/certificate if the para is working in an area directly related to the license they hold. If the para is not working in an area related to their license they do not qualify for Tier 3. Types of license eligible for Tier 3 may include:
 - o Teaching license from KSDE (not including Substitute or Emergency Substitute license)
 - o Related Service Provider eligible for professional level categorical aid, (SLP, OT, etc.)
 - Related Service Provider licensed but requiring supervision (LEA has current Kansas license on file)
 - Occupational Therapy Assistant (OTA)
 - Physical Therapy Assistant (PTA) or;
 - Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN)
 - Licensed Bachelor Social Worker (LBSW)
 - Licensed Assistant Behavior Analyst (LaBA)
 - District certification that Title I para requirement was met during the current school year.
 Certification does not expire, but can only be used to meet the inservice requirement in the year acquired.

College Credits

College hours in related subjects may be substituted for special education inservice hours. Each college hour will be counted as twenty staff development hours, applied to the school year in which the coursework was obtained.

Incomplete staff development

For paraeducators who have worked the entire nine month school year, if an LEA does not produce evidence that a paraeducator has completed the required staff development, categorical aid will be prorated based on the required number of staff development hours. Auditors will compute the paraeducator FTE, by computing the percentage of staff development (actual divided by needed) and then compute the adjusted FTE. For example, the paraeducator works 750 hours, and has only 8 hours of inservice, but needed 10. 750 hours / 1116 = .67 | 8 hours / 10 required = .80 | .67 X .80 = .54 audited FTE

The maximum number of hours that will be credited in this equation is 1116 (1.0 FTE) regardless of the number of hours claimed.

Partial Year

This table may be used as a guide for LEA administration to determine the number of staff development hours for paraeducators **hired** after the start of the school year. Staff development requirements are based on the days of employment regardless of number of hours a day worked.

A month is figured from the date of employment to that same date next month (e.g., August 25 to September 25). This includes school holidays.

If a paraeducator leaves prior to the end of the year, and the district has made a reasonable effort to have the para complete sufficient inservice, FTE will not be reduced for insufficient inservice provided that the required orientation was completed.

Time of Employment	20 Hours Required	10 Hours Required	
Less than 1 month and 10 days	2	2	
Less than 2 months	3		
Less than 2 months and 10 days	4	3	
Less than 3 months	5) J	
Less than 3 months and 10 days	6	4	
Less than 4 months	7	4	
Less than 4 months and 10 days	8	5	
Less than 5 months	9		
Less than 5 months and 10 days	10	6	
Less than 6 months	11	0	
Less than 6 months and 10 days	12	7	
Less than 7 months	13	'	
Less than 7 months and 10 days	14	8	
Less than 8 months	15	0	
Less than 8 months and 10 days	16	9	
Less than 9 months	18	9	
9 months or more	20	10	

Supervision and Assignments

The assigned supervisor of a paraeducator generally is the professional responsible for the provision of special education and related services who is receiving assistance from that paraeducator.

The identified supervisor must be:

- Claimed on the personnel report for special education categorical aid and;
- Responsible for the paraeducators day to day job performance and evaluation.

Unless otherwise indicated, teaching paraeducators must be directly supervised a minimum of 10% of the time they are working with students. Related services may have regulatory supervision requirements which must be followed. In addition to locally determined paraeducator supervision policies, the following supervision requirements apply.

When the supervising special teacher is not in the building on school property When the assigned *special teacher* is not present, a paraeducator must have a designated principal or teacher available in the building for assistance and supervision as needed.

When the paraeducator is assigned to a learning site off school property

The *special teacher* must work with the paraeducator and the student at least twice a week if services are provided daily. If services are provided at least once a week, 20% of the sessions per month must be supervised. If services are provided less than one time a week, 20% of the sessions per quarter must be supervised.

Paraeducators claimed for more FTE than supervisor

Due to scheduling requirements, there may be situations where a paraeducator is claimed for more FTE than the assigned supervisor. This is a rare occurrence, and LEAs should be able to provide an identified process to ensure adequate supervision has been developed and implemented for all such instances.

Specific Paraeducator Assignments Administratively Assigned Paraeducator

The following should be assigned to an administrator (AD or SU) for supervision and must meet all teaching paraeducator requirements.

Translator: Reimbursement as a paraeducator is authorized for persons responsible for translating special education documents from English to another language. Reimbursement will be prorated for clerical duties and for translating non-special education paperwork. Documentation records are required.

Audiologist Paraeducator

Paraeducators assigned to audiologists must be supervised a minimum of 10 percent of the time they are working with students. Training time does not count toward this minimum percentage. A speech-language pathologist or audiologist who holds a temporary license shall not be eligible to supervise assistants. Refer to KAR 28-61-8. Audiologist paraeducators/assistants performing hearing screening must have the appropriate current level of training for the type of hearing screening performed (Level 1 and 2—every two years).

Behavior Specialist Paraeducator

Certified as a Board Certified Associate Behavior Analyst (BCaBA) or Registered Behavior Technician (RBT) through the Behavior Analyst Certification Board (BACB) or licensed as an Assistant Behavior Analyst through the Behavior Sciences Regulatory Board (K.S.A. 65-7503 (2) or who meets the requirements of K.S.A. 65-7503 (3).

Braille Transcription Paraeducator

Must be supervised by a qualified professional.

Interpreter Paraeducator

Paraeducators who are interpreting for students who are deaf/hard of hearing may be claimed for reimbursement. A paraeducator interpreting for students should show an interpreting (IN) assignment. These paraeducators must be supervised by a qualified professional and must meet staff development requirements for paraeducators. Documentation of a current assessment and score should be kept on file and be made available for auditors. Interpreter paras may have a supervisor with assignment areas of IN, IR, HI, SL, EC.

Nurse Paraeducator / Attendant Care

Paraeducators who provide nursing or school health services are persons who, by specialized training from registered professional nurses, are qualified to carry out basic nursing tasks or procedures in the care of students, according to the students' Individualized Health Care Plans, which become part of the IEPs. Special education reimbursement is authorized for school nurse paraeducators, whose personnel agreements designate them as paraeducator/aide for a school nurse, who provide nursing or school health services specified in students' Health Care Plans and/or IEPs and that are appropriately delegated and supervised by registered professional nurses. First aid is not a special education service and is not reimbursable. See the requirements of K.A.R. 60-15-101, Performance of Selected Nursing Procedures in School Settings.

Occupational Therapist and Physical Therapist Paraeducator

Paraeducators assigned to OTs and PTs must be supervised according to statues and regulations established by the Kansas State Board of Healing Arts (http://www.ksbha.org/). Licensed OTAs and PTAs have no set minimum supervision, the supervising OT/PT will determine the appropriate supervision level. Unlicensed personnel must be supervised 100% of the time by either a licensed OT/OTA or PT/PTA. For reimbursement, the overall supervising OT/PT should be listed as the supervisor, but LEAs should be prepared to show that a licensed person (OT/OTA or PT/PTA) was supervising unlicensed personnel at all times.

School Psychologist Paraeducator

Paraeducators who are school psychology practicum students and are placed in a LEA by a training institution, may participate in those activities normally carried out by the fully-endorsed school psychologist. All psychological evaluations, including testing and behavioral observations, must be reviewed and signed by the supervising psychologist. The supervising psychologist, as a member of the IEP team, must maintain responsibility for special education decisions.

Paraeducators who hold a baccalaureate degree, preferably in psychology or education, may be reimbursed if:

- Responsibilities of the paraeducator are planned and supervised by a qualified professional and are based on the person's competency to carry out the responsibilities. If needed, preservice or staff development may be provided in relation to the duties;
- The paraeducator is not involved in psychological counseling or therapy, or in psychological evaluation; and
- The paraeducator is under the direct supervision of a licensed school psychologist.

Paraeducators not holding a baccalaureate degree must follow the restrictions and supervision requirements above AND are limited to performing tasks such as gathering assessment data for purposes of evaluation, record review, ecological or computer based observation, and administering locally developed curriculum based measurements (CBMs).

Social Work Paraeducator

Paraeducators must hold a baccalaureate degree in social work and

- may perform tasks related to school social work for which they are trained,
- may not be involved in conducting intervention techniques, including psychotherapy; and
- must be under the supervision of a licensed master's or higher social worker who provides direct supervision and meets the supervision requirements of K.A.R. 102-2-8

Speech Language Pathologist Paraeducator

Must be supervised a minimum of 10 percent of the time they are working with students (training time does not count toward this minimum percentage) by a licensed speech-language pathologist. Speech-language pathologists are required to train, monitor, supervise, and evaluate paraeducators/ assistants assigned to them. (KAR 28-61-8.)

Documentation Required for Audit: Paraeducators

- Personnel agreements and contracts for professionals and paraeducators
- Staff development reports for individual paraeducators, if requested,
- Documentation of staff development/inservice hours
- Evidence of supervision, if requested
- Evidence of appropriate license or education if specified in description.

Title I Paraprofessional Requirements

Paraprofessionals providing instructional support in programs supported with Title I, Part A funds must meet the appropriate requirements found at: http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=788

In a Targeted Assistance School, only paraprofessionals paid with Title I Part A funds that provide instructional support must meet the requirements.

In a schoolwide, all paraprofessionals providing instructional support must meet the requirements. In schoolwides all teachers and paraprofessionals are considered Title I teachers and paraprofessionals. In schoolwides it does not matter who hires the paraprofessional (i.e. district or coop) or from which fund he or she is paid (i.e. general, special education, Title I, ESL, at risk). If the paraprofessional provides instructional support in a schoolwide, he or she must meet the requirements.

Paraprofessionals must meet the qualifications upon hiring. There is no grace period.

Categorical Aid Requirements

The following provisions must be met to access State categorical aid for special education staff participating in schoolwide programs:

- The professional staff person or paraeducator must be contracted for and paid out of the special education fund.
- Paraeducators must be supervised by a special education teacher. LEAs are required to maintain a list of paraeducators involved in schoolwide programs and documentation on the calculation of special education percentages.
- A special education professional or a paraeducator cannot be the sole teacher or aide in a regular education classroom

The amount of state categorical aid that may be accessed may be determined in two ways: maintaining a log of the amount of time the professional or paraeducator actually spent delivering services and/or supports for identified students; or a pro-ration of total amount of time contracted based on the proportionate percent of identified students as compared to the building as a whole. (Pro-ration example: Total student population in the building = 300. Total identified students = 30 30/300 = 10%. If the contract stipulates at least 10% of the paraeducator's time is paid by special education funds, categorical aid may be accessed at 10% for that paraeducator. If a paraeducator is paid 50% out of special education and 50% Title I funds, and records are not maintained and the school has a 10% ratio of special education to general education, 10% of categorical aid could be accessed. A schoolwide program school must meet the intent and purposes of the programs from which funds are combined to ensure that the needs of the intended beneficiaries of those programs are addressed.)

Paraeducators, who may be working with students in various programs such as special education, bilingual, Title 1, or at-risk, will have their time pro-rated according to the number of students served in special education compared to the total population being served in the schoolwide school.

Summer Schoolwide Programs

Categorical aid is available for summer schoolwide programs. The same guidelines apply for summer schoolwide programs as for regular term schoolwide programs.

Documentation Required for Audit: Schoolwide Programs

Federal funds and categorical aid accessed for schoolwide programs will be audited by KSDE auditors. Documentation considered:

- Personnel Report information provided by KSDE
- Student head count/FTE data, general and special education, provided by KSDE
- Personnel agreements/contracts
- Approved IDEA VI-B budget
- Timesheets or proof of salary payments
- Logs of service time, if available
- Records of supervision of paraeducators

Contracted Services

LEAs may need to provide special education or related services for certain students with an exceptionality through approved contractual agreements. *Special teachers* (pro-rated or not) must be paid from the special education fund for the time they provide special education services.

Contracts for non-special education services

Contracts entered into between LEAs and agencies providing non-special education programs, courses or training etc., do not qualify for reimbursement. These include but are not limited to, on the job training, vocational, technical school programs taught by non-degreed staff or any staff who do not hold valid special education licensure. Note: Certified or support staff employed by the LEA who accompany the student to a job site or vocational program etc., **are** reimbursable.

There are four types of contractual agreements that are eligible for reimbursement:

(1) Contracts between LEAs (K.S.A. 72-3411(a)(3))

One LEA contracts with another. Examples include an agreement between a district and a cooperative, between a cooperative and a special purpose school, or between an interlocal and a district. The common element in this type of contract is that all service providers are employed by the second party and are "LEA employees." Because the second party reports the service providers to KSDE for categorical aid reimbursement, these contracts are not submitted to KSDE. Categorical aid reimbursement will only be paid to the LEA that pays the salary to the special teacher. Additional reimbursement will not be paid to the LEA contracting for the service. KSDE does not provide contract forms for such agreements, they are generated locally. **Reporting**: Only the district paying the individual's salary may report the individual for reimbursement. The contracting LEA reports the travel expenses associated with the teacher working in the contracting LEA.

(2) Contracts with an Individual Service Provider

Between an LEA and an individual who is not an employee of any LEA. Examples include, but are not limited to, private practice clinicians who provide related services such as OT, PT, or Speech-Language Pathology services. The contracts may be for individual students or for more than one student. The actual service provider is the same all of the time. Such providers must meet the same credentialing requirements as LEA employees. *Special teachers*, contracted by individual professional contracts, must be paid from the special education fund for the time they are providing special education services. These providers are reported on the Categorical Aid Personnel Report. Their travel expenses reimbursed by the LEA are eligible for categorical aid reimbursement. (See Transportation section, page 7, example 6.)

The contractual agreement must include the name of the *special teacher* and his/her professional certificate, license, or registration number. Once the contract is approved by both parties, the LEA enters the name of the *special teacher* and the amount of time listed in his/her contract on the Categorical Aid Personnel Report. KSDE does not provide contract forms for such agreements, they are generated locally. **Reporting**: The LEA reports the individual on the Categorical Aid Personnel Report. Travel expenses are reported for transportation reimbursement.

(3) Contracts with any private nonprofit corporations or public or private institutions (K.S.A. 72-3411(a)(5))

An LEA that enters into contract with any private nonprofit corporations or public or private institutions to provide special education services may be reimbursed through either a Non-Public School Equivalency contract or through CAPS depending on the circumstances of the special education services provided and the contractual agreement.

Non-Public Equivalency Contract (NPE)

These contracts are between an LEA and any private nonprofit corporation or any public or private institution, within or outside the State. Examples include, but are not limited to, hospitals, clinics, agencies, or teams/ consortiums/ groups of teachers. Non-Public School Equivalency contracts are agreements between an LEA and another agency to provide services on an individual student basis or to provide services to a group of students. There are suggested contract forms on the KSDE Special Education Funding page at http://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=538

- It is recommended that invoices for residential students be itemized by residential costs and education costs for auditing purposes.
- Dates on the contract should be the first and last day of services in the given school year.
- The service provider may or may not be the same person for the duration of the contract.
- Travel expenses are claimed separately under Teacher Travel on Form 308, Line 8.
- All services provided through a Nonpublic School Equivalency Contract, must be itemized on the contract by type of special education or related service provided (IT, SL, OT, etc.).
- Names, ID numbers and license information must be listed on the contract for all service
 providers listed and logged and made available to KSDE to verify appropriate and
 current credentialing. Providers must meet the same credentialing requirements as LEA
 employees and all services must be provided by appropriately licensed professionals.
 Audit adjustments may result if the provider is not fully licensed for the contractual
 period, or if the contracted provider failed to deliver any services to the student that were
 claimed for reimbursement.
- Reimbursement for contracted services will be based on the number of service hours as documented in the individual student logs.
- All dates of service must be documented, as per dates of service listed on IEPs or IFSPs.
- For all school age children; evidence of enrollment in the claiming LEA via the KIDS and MIS databases.
- Contracts must be written for the dates of actual services, <u>not</u> when the student was
 determined to be eligible for services, or the date that the contract was drawn up, if
 before the starting date for service delivery.
- Nonpublic School Equivalency Contracts for new students written May 1 or after may be included with contracts submitted for the next school year.
- Providers are NOT reported on the KSDE Personnel Report.

Reporting: Reported to KSDE through the MIS data system. See the MIS Data Dictionary for reporting criteria and file specifications. Reimbursement for this type of contract will be paid on the June 1 final payment to the LEA. On the final payment report, the reimbursement is listed as "Non-Public School Equivalency.

Categorical Aid Personnel System (CAPS)

LEAs may decide to report the private nonprofit or public/private institution personnel in CAPS for purposes of claiming categorical aid. These contracted employees must meet the same credentialing requirements as LEA employees. In addition, contracted providers serving as paraeducators must meet the inservice hour requirements as established by KSDE and outlined in this Reimbursement Guide. **Reporting:** The LEA reports the service provider in CAPS. Documentation is the same as for LEA employees. Travel expenses are reported for transportation reimbursement.

(4) Contracts between LEAs and State Operated Schools for IEP mandated para services (K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-3422(b)(4)(C))

An LEA enters into a contract with either the Kansas State School for the Blind (KSSB) or the Kansas School for the Deaf (KSD) to reimburse the state operated school for para services that are required by a student's IEP. The state school should supply to the LEA the para's name and identifying information. **Reporting:** Personnel should be reported as special paras in building 0915 for KSD and building 8431 for KSSB. The para hours will be documented with the invoice from the state school and the student's IEP indicating the need for para services. The LEA will not be required to verify inservice hours.

Documentation Required for Audit: Contracted Services

Categorical aid accessed through contracts will be audited. Documentation for review:

- Contracts
- Service logs for individual students
- Documentation for travel expenses reported for reimbursement
- IEP/IFSP

- Licensure for related service providers
- Documentation of inservice requirements for paraeducators (not applicable to Non-Public Equivalency contracts)

APPENDIX A

KSDE Special Teacher Endorsements for Reimbursement

Licensed Personnel Report	(shaded fields can have substitutes)	94011 Support Services*	93008 Staff Develop	Support 940	1011		ificantly w Grade el/Low			94007 Gifted	002 Deaf/ HH	003 Visual Impair	94001 Adapt PE	91005	91003/ 91012/ 91015	96003 Schl Couns	96004 Schl Psych	96002 Read Spec			
V	CAPS Category →	IS	PD	TR	ws	BD	IR	LD	ID	SM	IT	EC	GI	НІ	VI	AP	AD	SU	cs	PS	RS
	↓ Endorsement name ↓	Integratn Specialist	Personni Develop	Trans Serv	Work Study	Behav Disord	Inter Relat	Learni ng Disa- bility	Int Disa- bility	Severe Mult Disab	Infant Tod IT-IT	Early Child SpEd EC-EC	Gifted	Tchr of Hear Imp	Tchr of Visual Imp	Adapt PE	Special Ed Directr	Ass't Direct/ Sup/ Coord	Schl Couns	Schl Psych	Read Spec
001 High Incidence	High Incidence Adaptive Educable Mentally Retarded Learning Disabilities Behavior Disorders Physically Impaired Mentally Retarded Special Interrelated	<u>6</u> 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	PD PD PD PD PD PD PD	TR	WS WS WS WS WS WS	BD BD BD BD BD BD BD BD	IR IR IR IR IR IR IR IR	55555555555555555555555555555555555555				EC EC									
94003 Significantly Below Grade Level 005 Low Incidence	Low Incidence Functional Trainable Mentally Retarded Severely Multiply Handicapped Mentally Retarded	<u> </u>	PD PD PD PD	TR TR TR TR	WS WS WS WS					SM SM SM SM		EC EC									
94002 ECSE (Only)	Early Childhood Unified Early Childhood Handicapped (EC-EC only)	IS IS	PD PD	TR TR		BD	IR	LD	ID	SM	IT IT	EC EC									
94007 Gifted 002	Gifted Deaf or Hard of Hearing	IS IS	PD PD	TR TR	ws ws								GI	HI							
Deaf/Hard Hearing 003 Vision	Hearing Impaired Visually Impaired	IS IS	PD PD	TR TR	ws ws									HI	VI						
Impair 96004 School Psych	School Psychologist																			PS	
94001 Adapted Phys Ed	Physical Education (with grades PrK-12 only) Adapted Physical Education		PD PD													AP AP					
96003 Counselo r	School Counselor																		cs		
96002 Reading Spec	Reading Specialist		PD																		RS
91005 Director of Special Educ.	District Leadership Director of Special Education	IS	PD PD					•			i.						AD AD	SU			
91003/ 91012/ 91015 Ass't	Program Leadership Building Leadership		PD PD															SU SU			
Director or Supervisor	Special Education Supervisor/Coordinator *Integration Specialist may also	IS	PD															SU			

^{*}Integration Specialist may also match to 93009 Teacher Leader. The teacher's license should always match the skills needed for the assignment.

Note: Some older special education and vocational special needs endorsements are not shown on this chart.

(Endorsement grade levels must match assignment grade levels)

APPENDIX B

FTE Calculations and Required Documentation

Scenario 1: Full time salaried employee - Full time Special Education

The State Auditor will review: Employee's contract, Bi-annual form, payroll records.
How FTE will be calculated: Amount Paid to Employee
Contracted Amount = FTE
Scenario 2: Full time salaried employee - Part time Special Education The State Auditor will review: Employee's contract, Time and Effort form, payroll records. How FTE will be calculated:
Amount Paid to Employee Contracted Amount X % time dedicated to special ed*
* As calculated on the Time and Effort forms. Scenario 3: Part time salaried employee – Full time Special Education The State Auditor will review: Employee's contract, Bi-annual form, payroll records. How FTE will be calculated:
Amount Paid to Employee Contracted Amount X % of full time* = FTE
* In most cases "% of full time" will be determined by reviewing the employee's contract. Scenario 4: Part time salaried employee – Part time Special Education The State Auditor will review: Employee's contract, Time and Effort form, payroll records. How FTE will be calculated:
Amount Paid to Employee Contracted Amount X % of full time X % of time dedicated to Special Ed.
Scenario 5: Hourly employee (Full time or Part time) – Full time Special Education The State Auditor will review: Employee's contract, Bi-annual form, payroll records. How FTE will be calculated: Total Hrs Paid Total Hrs Paid Total Hrs Paid Total Hrs Paid
Scenario 6: Hourly employee (Full time or Part time) – Part time Special Education The State Auditor will review: Employee's contract, Time and Effort form, payroll records.
How FTE will be calculated:
Total Hrs Paid 1116 X % of time dedicated to Special Ed. FTE
Total Hrs Paid % of time dedicated = FTE
Total Hrs Paid 1116 X % of time dedicated to Special Ed. Scenario 7: Contracted Services. The State Auditor will review: Invoice.
Total Hrs Paid 1116 X % of time dedicated to Special Ed. Scenario 7: Contracted Services. The State Auditor will review: Invoice. How FTE will be calculated: # Hrs Billed = FTE

Auditors may ask/require additional supporting documentation than what is listed above.

APPENDIX C

Special Teacher Reimbursement Licensing Requirements

Cod e	Name	LPR (Licensed Personnel Report)	Cod e	Name	LPR (Licensed Personnel Report)
AD	Special Education Admin.	Director of Special Ed	LD	Learning Disability	High Incidence Special Education
AP	Adaptive Physical Education	Adapted PE	MR	Mental Retardation	Significantly Below Grade Level or Functional
			PD	Personnel Development	Any Special Ed/Staff Devel.
BD	Behavior Disorder	Adaptive Special Education	PS	School Psychologist (Clinical Psych (KBSRB) ok if hired before 2007)	School Psychologist
CS	Counselor	School Counselor	RS	Reading Specialist	Reading Specialist
EC	Early Childhood	Early Childhood Special Education	SM	Severe Multiple Disabilities	Significantly Below Grade Level or Functional
GI	Gifted	Gifted	SU	Supervisor	Ass't Dir./ Sup/Coord Special Ed
HI	Hearing Impaired	Deaf/Hard of Hearing	TR	Transition Services	Support Services or Life Skills
IR	Interrelated Program	High Incidence Special Education	VI	Visually Impaired	Vision Impaired
IS	Integration Specialist	Any Special Ed/ Support Services	VO	Vocational Special Needs	Vocational
IT	Infant/Toddler	Not reported in LPR	WS	Work Study/Vocational	TransitionSpecialist

Non-KSDE Licenses or Certifications

A == ==	Decembelon	Contitionation / Licensing Agency		Conding	
Area	Description	Certification/Licensing Agency	Req Cert	Send in?	
AS	Assistive Technology	Any related services professional	Any other KSDE or Non-KSDE accepted license	possibly	
AT	Art Therapy	Art Therapy Credentials Board	Registered Art Therapist (ATR, ATR-BC)	NO	
AU	Audiology	KDADS-Health Occupations Credentialing	Audiologist	NO	
-	D 111 T 11	Library of Congress/National Federation of the Blind	Literary Braille Transcribing	\/F0	
BR	Braille Transcriber	National Blindness Professional Certification Board (NBPCB)	National Certification in Literary Braille (NCLB) National Certification in Unified English Braille (NCUEB)	YES	
BS	Dahawian Cassialist	Behavior Analyst Certification Board	Board Certified Behavior Analyst (BCBA)	NO	
ВЭ	Behavior Specialist	Kansas Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board	Behavior Analyst or Licensed Psychologist	NO	
		EIPA	Level 3.5, good for 5 years Level 5, permanent	YES	
IN	Educational Interpreter	Educational		Level 4 or 5 in Interpreting or Transliteration, expires yearly	NO
114		RID	National Interpreter Certification (NIC) or Ed:K-12 from RID (current membership)	YES	
		ESSE:R AND ESSE:I or ESSE:T	Level 4 Overall AND Receptive, (5 years) Level 5 Overall AND Receptive, (permanent)	YES	
МТ	Music Therapy	<u>CBMT</u>	MT-BC	NO	
IVII	widsic Therapy	NMTR	RMT-CMT-ACMT	YES	
NU	Nurse	Kansas State Board of Nursing	Registered Nurse (RN)	NO	
ОМ	Orient./Mobil. Specialist	ACVREP	Certified Orientation and Mobility Specialist (COMS)	YES	
ОТ	Occupational Therapy	Kansas Board of Healing Arts	Occupational Therapist (OT)	NO	
PT	Physical Therapy	Kansas Board of Healing Arts	Physical Therapist (PT)	NO	
RD	Registered Dietician	KDADS-Health Occupations Credentialing	Dietician	NO	
RE	Recreation Therapy	National Council for Therapeutic Recreation	Certification (NCTRC)	YES	
SL	Speech/Language	KDADS-Health Occupations Credentialing	Speech Language Pathologist	NO	
SW	Social Work	Kansas Behavioral Sciences Regulatory Board	LMSW, LSCSW	NO	

Paraeducator Licenses are not requested by KSDE at this time
These licenses must be maintained for auditing purposes at the local level

APPENDIX D

Tiered Paraeducator Inservice Planning Worksheet

1. Did the paraeducator begin working as a special education paraeducator in Kansas three or more school years ago? YesNo 2. If yes, does archived personnel data indicate the paraeducator worked 9 months and completed the appropriate hours of inservice for each of the following school years?	& 2	Profession	nal Development Requ	irem	ent – 10 to	20 hours		
2. If yes, does archived personnel data indicate the paraeducator worked 9 months and completed the appropriate hours of inservice for each of the following school years? Date Yes No or Inservice	1			as a s	special educ	cation parae	ducator in Kansas three or	
the appropriate hours of inservice for each of the following school years? Date Yes No or Unknown Inservice Hours Last school years ago Three school years ago Three school years ago Three school years ago				Yes	sNo			
Last school year Two school years ago Three school year ago Three school year ago Three school year ago Three school year of this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to hours for this school year. (Tier if YES to hours for this school year. (Tier if Y	2							ed
Two school years ago Three school years ago			Date	Yes				
If NO to any of the above, paraeducator development is 20 hours for this school year. (TierIf YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier : For New Hires during the current school year –hours would be pro-rated from the date of hire as outlined in the Reimbursement Guide 3. Professional Development at the discretion of the LEA- Locally Determined. (Tier Paraeducator currently holds one of the following licenses and is working in an area directly relate to the license they hold: Teaching license from KSDE (not including Substitute or Emergency Substitute license) Related Service Provider eligible for professional level categorical aid Related Service Provider licensed but requiring supervision (current Kansas license on file) Occupational Therapy Assistant (OTA) Physical Therapy Assistant (PTA) Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) Licensed Bachelor Social Worker (LBSW) Licensed Assistant Behavior Analyst (LaBA) Title I requirement met during the current school year (copy of certificate on file) Identified Professional Development Needs			Last school year					
If NO to any of the above, paraeducator development is 20 hours for this school year. (TierIf YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier 3 For New Hires during the current school year –hours would be pro-rated from the date of hire as outlined in the Reimbursement Guide 3. Professional Development at the discretion of the LEA- Locally Determined. (Tier Paraeducator currently holds one of the following licenses and is working in an area directly relate to the license they hold: Teaching license from KSDE (not including Substitute or Emergency Substitute license) Related Service Provider eligible for professional level categorical aid Related Service Provider licensed but requiring supervision (current Kansas license on file) Occupational Therapy Assistant (OTA) Physical Therapy Assistant (PTA) Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) Licensed Bachelor Social Worker (LBSW) Licensed Assistant Behavior Analyst (LaBA) Title I requirement met during the current school year (copy of certificate on file) Identified Professional Development Needs								
If YES to all of the above, paraeducator development is 10 hours for this school year. (Tier a for New Hires during the current school year – hours would be pro-rated from the date of hire as outlined in the Reimbursement Guide 3. Professional Development at the discretion of the LEA- Locally Determined. (Tier Paraeducator currently holds one of the following licenses and is working in an area directly relate to the license they hold: Teaching license from KSDE (not including Substitute or Emergency Substitute license) Related Service Provider eligible for professional level categorical aid Related Service Provider licensed but requiring supervision (current Kansas license on file) Occupational Therapy Assistant (OTA) Physical Therapy Assistant (PTA) Licensed Practical Nurse (LPN) Licensed Bachelor Social Worker (LBSW) Licensed Assistant Behavior Analyst (LaBA) Title I requirement met during the current school year (copy of certificate on file) Identified Professional Development Needs			Three school years ago					
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		□ Related □ Related □ Related □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	d Service Provider eligible d Service Provider license Occupational Therapy As Physical Therapy Assista Licensed Practical Nurse Licensed Bachelor Social Licensed Assistant Behav	for pred but ssistant (PT (LPN) Work	rofessional I requiring su at (OTA) TA) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (level catego upervision (rical aid current Kansas license on file)
Training Opportunities	lden	tified Profe	ssional Development Ne	eds				
Training Opportunities								
Training Opportunities								
Training Opportunities								
	Trai	ning Oppor	tunities					
	IIai	illig Oppor	tumues					

APPENDIX E

Categorical Aid Personnel System Deadlines FY2020

Close dates are the first day of the month of the payment (final payment close date May 1st) or the first business day thereafter. All updates, entries, and approvals must be completed before the close of business on the close date. Please use the time before the close (due) dates well.

Reminder: There will be no supplemental payment issued. All eligible teachers and paraeducators must be included by the final update. Failure to meet these deadlines will result in loss of funds for your LEA and general fund budget authority.

September						
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

October						
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		
Last day to undate and approve 1st payment October						

November						
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Last day to update and approve 1st payment October

December						
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	32	33	34	35

	January					
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	32

		Fe	brua	ıry		
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29

May

We

6

13

20

Th

7

14

21

Fr

1

8

15

22

Sa

2

9

16

23

Su

3

10

17

Мо

4

11

18

Tu

5

12

19

Last day to update and approve 2nd payment December 1st

		N	/larch	1		
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Last day to update and approve 3rd payment March 1st						

			April			
Su	Мо	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		
Last day to update and approve 4th payment April 1st						

24 25 28 29 30 26 27 Last day to update and approve the final payment

Vacancy Report due on April 15th

Remember to include Homebound Staff June 1st-Deadline to enter Para Inservice

	Payment Dates (next business day if weekend)				
1	October 15 th	25% of the claimed Regular Special Teacher FTE. 100% of ESY Special Teacher FTE for the prior summer term.			
2	December 15 th	50% of the claimed Regular Special Teacher FTE. 100% of ESY Special Teacher FTE. Minus the October payment.			
3	March 15 th	67% of the eligible Regular Special Teacher FTE. 100% of ESY Special Teacher FTE. Minus the October and December payments.			
4	April 15 th	84% of the eligible Regular Special Teacher FTE. 100% of ESY Special Teacher FTE. Minus the October, December, and March payments.			
5	June 1 st	Total eligible entitlement including Transportation Aid, Medicaid Replacement Aid and Catastrophic Aid minus payments made in October, December, March and April.			

The October 15, and December 15 payments are based on claimed FTE.
The remaining payments are based on eligible FTE (checked against licenses and certifications)
Summer (ESY) paid fully on the October payment
KSDE cannot modify submitted data



Mission

To prepare Kansas students for lifelong success through rigorous, quality academic instruction, career training and character development according to each student's gifts and talents.

Vision

Kansas leads the world in the success of each student.

Motto

Kansans CAN.

Successful Kansas High School Graduate

A successful Kansas high school graduate has the

- · Academic preparation,
- Cognitive reparation,
- Technical skills,
- Employability skills and
- Civic engagement

to be successful in postsecondary education, in the attainment of an industry recognized certification or in the workforce, without the need for remediation.

Outcomes for Measuring Progress

- Social-Emotional growth measured locally
- Kindergarten readiness
- Individual Plan of Study focused on career interest
- High school graduation
- Postsecondary success

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General Counsel, Office of General Counsel, KSDE, Landon State Office Building, 900 S.W. Jackson, Suite 102, Topeka, KS 66612, (785) 296-3204.

FEB. 28, 2019