What is Chronic Absenteeism?

Being chronically absent means a student is missing 10 percent or more of school for both excused and unexcused reasons. This puts the student at a higher risk of not graduating high school and possibly becoming a high school dropout.

Are Chronic Absenteeism and Truancy the same thing?

No. Chronic absenteeism takes into account both excused and unexcused absences. Any student missing 10 percent or more of the days that school has been in session at any point in the school year is considered chronically absent. Truancy occurs when a child is absent from school without a valid excuse.

Attendance Rates tell how many students show up each day. Chronic Absenteeism rates tell which students don't show up.

How are the Attendance Rate and Chronic Absenteeism related?

The attendance rate is the Average Daily Attendance/Average Daily Membership of a school or district. The Chronic Absenteeism rate, which now must be reported, is the percentage of students in a school that miss more than 10 percent of the instructional time for any reason, excused or unexcused.

72-1113(c) (1) Whenever a child is required by law to attend school and is enrolled in school, and the child is inexcusably absent therefrom on either three consecutive school days or five school days in any semester or seven school days in any school year, whichever of the foregoing occurs first, the child shall be considered to be not attending school as required by law. A child is inexcusably absent from school if the child is absent therefrom all or a significant part of a school day without a valid excuse acceptable to the school employee designated by the board of education to have responsibility for the school attendance of such child.

Attendance Rate and Chronic Absenteeism are not inversely related. Attendance Rates tell “how many” students show up each day. Chronic Absentee rates show “which” students do not show up each day. Comparison of eight Kansas districts in terms of Attendance Rate and Chronic Absenteeism.
Myths about Chronic Absenteeism?

- Absences are only a problem if they are unexcused.
- Sporadic absences aren’t a problem.
- Attendance only matters in the older grades.

Fact …

Missing 10 percent or more of instructional days can translate into third-graders unable to master reading, sixth-graders failing subjects and ninth-graders dropping out of high school.

Why are students chronically absent?

Identifying that a student is chronically absent is only the first step. After we know which students are missing school, we must find out the root cause of WHY they are missing school and put in place interventions to address that root cause. The focus must be on changing the behavior, not simply punishing the student for missing school.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Barriers</th>
<th>Aversion</th>
<th>Disengagement</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lack of access to health or dental care.</td>
<td>Struggling academically or socially.</td>
<td>Lack of engaging and culturally relevant instruction.</td>
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<td>Chronic illness.</td>
<td>Bullying.</td>
<td>No meaningful relationships with adults in school.</td>
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<td>Trauma.</td>
<td>Ineffective/exclusionary school discipline.</td>
<td>Vulnerable to being with peers out of school vs. in school.</td>
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<td>No save path to school.</td>
<td>Parents had negative school experience.</td>
<td>Poor school climate.</td>
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<td>Poor transportation.</td>
<td>Undiagnosed disability.</td>
<td>Discouraged due to lack of credits.</td>
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<td>Housing instability.</td>
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<td>High mobility.</td>
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<td>Involvement with child welfare or juvenile justice system.</td>
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What can schools do to improve attendance?

- **Monitor data**: Create a school team that regularly reviews attendance to identify trends in absences and possible barriers to attendance.
- **Engage students and parents**: Create a school climate that encourages students to come to school every day, create a welcoming culture of attendance and provide activities that engage students and families.
- **Recognize good and improved attendance**.
- **Provide personalized early outreach**: Make sure that every absence is accounted for and develop a multi-tiered approach to interventions.
- **Identify and remove barriers to attendance**: Work with staff, students, parents and community partners to help address barriers to attendance that are unique for your school and/or district.

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