### Working After Retirement Member Types on <u>January 1, 2018</u> As Enacted Into Law (House Substitute for SB 21)

Member Type	Earnings Limit	Employer Contribution	Waiting Period
KPERS-Covered Positions			
Members who retired <b>before 1/1/2018</b>	No Limit	Statutory contribution on first \$25,000 30% above \$25,000	60 days
Members who retired <b>on and after 1/1/2018</b>	No Limit	Statutory contribution on first \$25,000 30% above \$25,000	180 days if retired before age 62 60 days if retired age 62 or later
Non-Covered Positions at KPERS employer			
Members who retired <b>before 1/1/2018</b>	No Limit	No contribution	60 days
Members who retired <b>on and after 1/1/2018</b>	No Limit	No contribution	180 days if retired before age 62 60 days if retired age 62 or later

#### Notes:

1. Theprohibition on any prearranged agreement between a member and employer to return to work remains in effect.

2. The FY 2018 statutory rate for State and School employers is 12.01%. The CY 2018 statutory rate for Local employers is 8.39%.

3. Exemptions remain in place for licensed state nurses, instructors of the Kansas Law Enforcement Training Center, state and local elected officials, legislative staff, substitute teachers without a contract, and positions covered by the Board of Regents Retirement Plan.

#### 4. Covered positions are -

• A non-school employee of a participating employer whose employment is not seasonal or temporary and whose employment requires at least 1,000 hours of work per year. • An employee of a participating school employer whose employment is not seasonal or temporary and whose employment requires at least 630 hours of work per year or at least 3.5 hours a day for at least 180 days.

#### Non-covered positions are -

• A non-school employee of a participating employer whose employment is seasonal or temporary and whose employment requires less than 1,000 hours of work per year. • An employee of a participating school employer whose employment is seasonal or temporary and whose employment requires less than 630 hours of work per year or less than 3.5 hours a day for 180 days.

These rules only apply to employment by KPERS employers, not to retirees employed by non-KPERS employers.



### SUMMARY OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT As Enacted Into Law (House Substitute for SB 21)

### New Basic Rule – Effective 1/1/2018

- For retirements on and after 1/1/2018, there is a 180-day waiting period before returning to work if retiring before age 62 and a 60-day wait if age 62 or older.
- There is no earnings limit for those retirees.
- No prearrangement to return to work between employer and retiree is allowed.
- The employer does not pay any employer contributions on the pay of retirees in <u>non-covered positions</u>.<sup>1</sup>
- For <u>covered</u> positions, the employer pays the statutory contribution rate on the first \$25,000 of pay and 30% thereafter.<sup>2</sup>
  - If a retiree is employed by multiple participating employers or in more than one position, contributions are paid on all compensation from that employment for the calendar year.
- There is no sunset date on the new basic rule.

### Retirees Who Retired Before 1/1/2018 - Effective 1/1/2018

- Effective 1/1/2018, a single working after retirement rule applies to all retirees in state, local, and licensed/non-licensed school positions who retired before 1/1/2018 (except for a limited number of exemptions listed below).
  - There is no earnings limit for those retirees.
  - The employer does not pay any employer contributions on the pay of retirees in <u>non-covered</u> positions.
  - For <u>covered</u> positions, the employer pays the statutory contribution rate on the first \$25,000 of pay and 30% thereafter.
    - If a retiree is employed by multiple participating employers or in more than one position, contributions are paid on all compensation from that employment for the calendar year.

Note: these rules only apply to employment by KPERS employers, not to retirees employed by non-KPERS employers.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Non-covered positions are –

<sup>•</sup> A non-school employee of a participating KPERS employer whose employment is seasonal or temporary and whose employment requires less than 1,000 hours of work per year.

<sup>•</sup> An employee of a participating KPERS school employer whose employment is seasonal or temporary and whose employment requires less than 630 hours of work per year or less than 3.5 hours a day for 180 days.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Covered positions are –

<sup>•</sup> A non-school employee of a participating KPERS employer whose employment is not seasonal or temporary and whose employment requires at least 1,000 hours of work per year.

<sup>•</sup> An employee of a participating KPERS school employer whose employment is not seasonal or temporary and whose employment requires at least 630 hours of work per year or at least 3.5 hours a day for at least 180 days.

- No prearrangement to return to work between employer and retiree is allowed.
- The retirees covered by this rule include -
  - Retirees in state, local, and non-licensed school positions who returned to work on or after 5/1/15 or who have lost grandfathered status since that date due to a break in service or a change of jobs or employer;
  - Retirees in licensed school positions who retired after 5/1/2015 or took early retirement after March 2009;
  - Retirees in state, local, and non-licensed school positions who are currently covered by a <u>grandfathering</u> provision (who returned to work before 5/1/2015 and have not lost grandfathered status);
  - Retirees in licensed school professional positions who are currently covered by a grandfathering provision (who retired before 5/1/2015 or took early retirement before March 2009);
  - "Great-grandfathered" retirees who returned to work for either the same or different employer before 7/1/2006.

# Exemption Changes – Effective 7/1/2017

- Restates exemption for <u>substitute teachers</u> (i.e., clarifies the exemption covers those retirees working as a substitute <u>teacher</u> without a contract)
- All retirees who retired before 1/1/2018 and return to work in a <u>licensed school</u> <u>professional position</u> are covered by the current provisions for grandfathered licensed school professionals
  - o There is not an earnings limit for these retirees
  - The employer pays the actuarial rate plus 8% on their compensation.
    - There are no contributions on the earnings of *substitute <u>teachers</u>* working without a contract.
  - Licensed school positions include classroom teachers, administrators, school psychologists, speech pathologists, and similar school positions requiring a license.
  - Includes those who retired at normal retirement and those taking early retirement before 1/1/2018.
  - Includes retirees who were not previously grandfathered because they took normal retirement after 5/1/2015 or early retirement after March 2009.
- Expands exemption from working after retirement rules for <u>local elected officials</u> to <u>include all state-wide elected officials</u> and <u>legislators.</u>
  - Exempts officials from both earnings limit and employer contributions
  - Establishes a 30-day waiting period following retirement before taking office, except where the official is appointed to a vacant office, in which case there is not a waiting period requirement.
- *Note:* A new exemption for KPERS retirees who are employed in positions covered by <u>Board of Regents</u> mandatory retirement plan was added in SB 205, which was signed by the Governor on May 10 and takes effect July 1, 2017.
  - There is no earnings limit or employer contribution for these retirees.

- Applicable 60 or 180-day waiting period requirements and prohibition on prearrangements remain.
- *Note:* There are no changes on 7/1/2017 to the rules for grandfathered retirees working in state, local, or non-licensed school positions or to hardship, special education, and hard-to-fill exemptions.

# Exemption Changes – Effective 1/1/2018

- Effectively eliminates licensed school professional, hardship, hard-to-fill, and special education exemptions, as they all fall under rule for retirees who retired before 1/1/2018.
  - There will not be an earnings limit for those retirees. (No change from current exemption.)
  - The employer contribution rate changes:
    - The employer does not pay any employer contributions on the pay of retirees in non-covered positions.
    - For covered positions, the employer pays the statutory contribution rate on the first \$25,000 of pay and 30% thereafter.

# Independent Contractors/Third Party Clarification – Effective 7/1/2017

- Includes provisions from HB 2268 specifically applying basic working after retirement rules to KPERS retirees working as independent contractors (for members retiring before **and** after 1/1/2018)
- Includes criteria from HB 2268 for excluding from working after retirement rules certain independent contractors and retirees working for third parties contracting with a KPERS employer, *effective 7/1/17* 
  - Contractual relationship not created to allow retiree to continue employment in a position similar to the one the retiree held before retiring
  - The retiree's activities are not normally performed exclusively by employees of the KPERS employer
  - The retiree meets the statutory criteria for an independent contractor or, if employed by a third-party contractor, the activities are on a limited-term basis, and the third party is not itself a KPERS employer

## **Limited Exemptions That Do Not Change**

- <u>Nurses</u> employed by certain state institution (currently 13 retirees using exemption)
- Retired certified law enforcement officers who are hired by the <u>law enforcement</u> <u>training center</u> (no retiree using this exemption currently)
- Poll workers hired to work an election day
- <u>Legislative staff</u> members
- KP&F and Judges members