**List of Funds**

*Funds below in* ***BOLD*** *have special requirements explained to the right.*

1. **\*General Fund**
2. **Supplemental General Fund**
3. \* Adult Education
4. \* Adult Supplemental Education
5. \* Bilingual Education
6. \* At Risk (K-12)
7. \* At Risk (4-year-old)
8. \* Virtual Education
9. \* Capital Outlay
10. \* Driver Training
11. **Declining Enrollment**
12. \* Extraordinary School Program
13. **Federal Funds**
14. **Food Service**
15. \* Gifts and Grants
16. KPERS
17. \* Professional Development
18. \* Parent Education Program
19. \* Summer School
20. \* Special Education
21. \* Vocational Education
22. **Cost of Living**
23. \* Special Liability Expense
24. \* School Retirement
25. **Extraordinary Growth Facility**
26. \* Special Reserve Fund
27. **\*Contingency Reserve**
28. \* Textbook & Student Material Revolving
29. \* Activity Fund
30. \* Bond and Interest #1
31. \* Bond and Interest #2
32. \* No Fund Warrant
33. \* Special Assessment
34. \* Temporary Note
35. \* Coop Special Education
36. \* Historical Museum
37. \* Public Library Board
38. \* Public Library Board

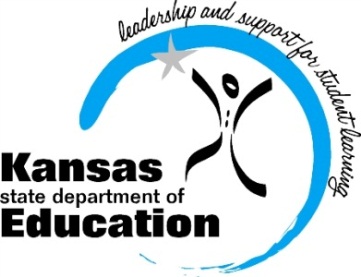
Employees Benefits

1. \* Recreation Commission
2. \* Recreation Commission

Benefits and Special Liability

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

\* No limitation on ending unencumbered cash balance.



**Funds with Special Requirements**



**1. General Fund**

The district can spend NO MORE THAN the legal maximum general fund budget, plus reimbursements. 2015 House Sub for Senate Bill 7 authorizes school districts to have a cash balance June 30, 2016, and years thereafter.

**2. Supplemental General Fund (LOB)**

Usually the ending unencumbered cash balance is fairly small, depending on tax collections.

**11. Declining Enrollment**

In general, the ending unencumbered cash balance will be minimal. All monies budgeted and authorized will be sent to the state.

**13. Federal Funds**

Cash balances shall be limited to the minimum amounts needed and shall be timed to be in accord only with the actual, immediate cash requirements in carrying out a program or project. The timing and amount of cash advances shall be as close as is administratively feasible to the actual cash outlay for direct program costs and the proportionate share of any allowable indirect cost.  In addition any interest earned on federal funds must be returned to the federal government.  Federal statutes require that districts only draw down the amount of funds needed to pay program costs for a particular period of time.

**14. Food Service**

No greater than the three-month average unencumbered cash balance. For example, the average expenditure per month is $10,000, therefore, the unencumbered balance could be $30,000. If the balance exceeds the three-month average, the school must explain to KSDE how the excess is going to be used or reduced.

**22. Cost of Living**



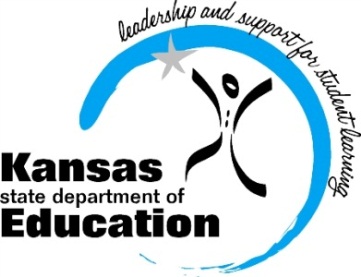
In most cases, the ending unencumbered cash balance will be zero. All monies budgeted and authorized will be sent to the state.

**25. Extraordinary Growth Facility**

Generally, the ending unencumbered cash balance will be minimal. All monies budgeted and authorized will be sent to the state.

**27. Contingency Reserve**

The 2013 legislature removed the cap on the ending unencumbered cash balance.



bw:unencumbered\_cash